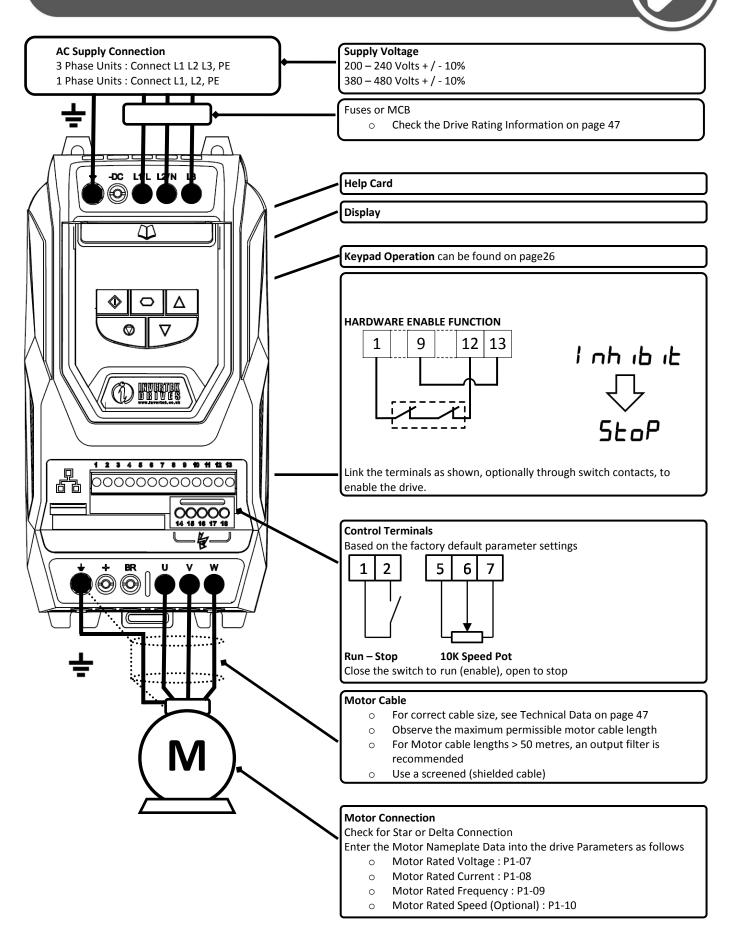


OPTIDRIVE[™] **CP**²

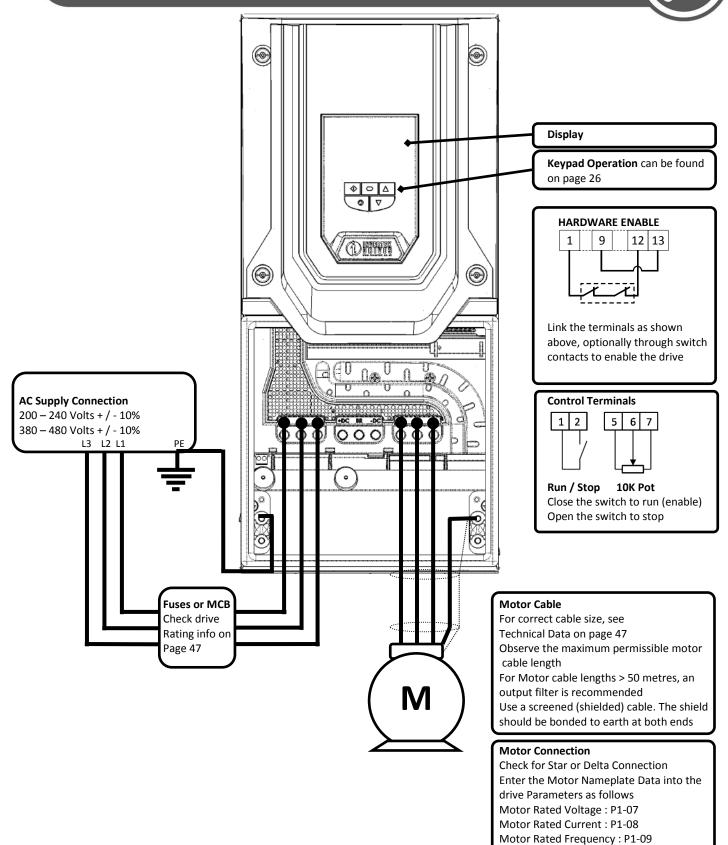
AC Variable Speed Drive 0.75kW – 160kW / 1HP – 250HP 200 – 480 Volt 1 & 3 Phase



Optidrive P2 IP20 Easy Start Up Guide

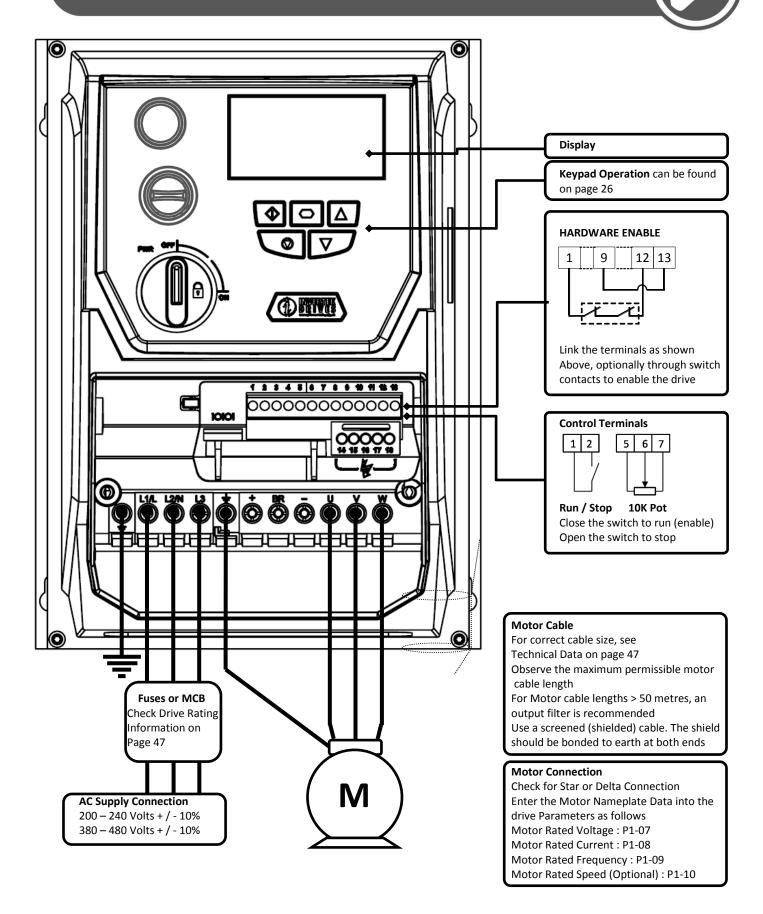


Optidrive P2 IP55 Easy Start Up Guide



Motor Rated Speed (Optional) : P1-10

Optidrive P2 IP66 Easy Start Up Guide



Declaration of Conformity:

Invertek Drives Limited Offas Dyke Business Park Welshpool Powys UK

SY21 8JF

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive ODP-2 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC and the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC and has been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

narmoniscu European standarus.	
EN 61800-5-1: 2003	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3 2 nd Ed: 2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM)
	radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529 : 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Safe Torque OFF ("STO") Function

Optidrive P2 incorporates a hardware STO (Safe Torque Off) Function, designed in accordance with the standards listed below.

Standard	Classification	Independent Approval
EN 61800-5-2:2007	Type 2	
EN ISO 13849-1:2006	PL "d"	
EN 61508 (Part 1 to 7)	SIL 2	*TUV
EN60204-1	Uncontrolled Stop "Category 0"	
EN 62061	SIL CL 2	

*Note: TUV Approval of the "STO" function is relevant for drives which have a TUV logo applied on drive rating label.

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the supply via the power cables for compliance with harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. When using an Optidrive with an internal or optional external filter, compliance with the following EMC Categories, as defined by EN61800-3:2004 can be achieved:

Drive Type / Rating			EMC Category					
		Cat C1	Cat C2	Cat C3				
1 Phase, 230 Volt Input			No additional filtering required	•				
ODP-2-x2xxx-1xFxx-xx			Use shielded motor cable					
3 Phase, 400 Volt Input		Use Additional External Filter	No additional fil	tering required				
IP20 & IP66 Models ODP-2-x4xxx-3xFxx-xx			Use Shielded Motor Cable					
3 Phase, 400 Volt Input		Use Additio	nal External Filter	No Additional Filtering Required				
IP55 Models ODP-2-x4xxx-3xFxN-xx		Use Shielded Motor Cable						
3 Phase, 525 & 600 Volt ODP-2-x5xxx-3x0xx-xx ODP-2-x6xxx-3x0xx-xx	Input	These models are excluded from the Declaration of conformity to eh EMC Directive. Compliance may require the use of additional EMC filters, contact your local Sales Partner for further assistance						
Note		standards is dependent on a number o le lengths and installation methods add	f factors including the environment in which opted.	the drive is installed, motor switching				
For motor cat	le lengti	ns greater than 100m, an output dv / dt	filter must be used, please refer to the Inver	tek Stock Drives Catalogue for further				
details								
Vector Speed	and Toro	que control modes may not operate cor	rrectly with long motor cables and output filte	ers. It is recommended to operate in V/F				
mode only for	[,] cable le	ngths exceeding 50m						

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Copyright Invertek Drives Ltd © 2015

All Invertek Optidrive P2 units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

Contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 2.00 Firmware. User Guide Revision 2.00

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.

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1. Introduction

1.1. Important safety information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.

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Â	Danger : Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.		Danger : Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.
	This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for p part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may prese carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to required to system design and electrical installation to avoid l malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install a	nt a safety ha control mech nazards in eit	azard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, anical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is her normal operation or in the event of equipment

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

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Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be	
carried out with the Optidrive disconnected.	

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the
terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a
suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits. The "Safe Torque Off" Function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drives power terminals.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed, is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.



Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation. IP55 and IP66 drives provide their own pollution degree 2 environments. IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W.

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees

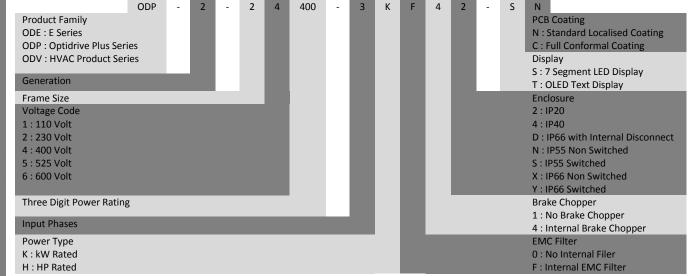
Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

2. General Information and Ratings

2.1. Part Number Construction and Definition

The model number of each Optidrive P2 is constructed according to the following system.



2.2. Drive model numbers – IP20

Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting information are shown from section 3.4 on page 11. Electrical Specifications are shown in section 10.2 on page 47.

200-240V ±10% - 1 Phase Input											
kW Model	kW	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size							
ODP-2-22075-1KF42-SN*	0.75	ODP-2-22010-1HF42-SN [*]	1	4.3	2						
ODP-2-22150-1KF42-SN*	1.5	ODP-2-22020-1HF42-SN [*]	2	7	2						
ODP-2-22220-1KF42-SN*	2.2	ODP-2-22030-1HF42-SN*	3	10.5	2						
200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase Ir	nput										
kW Model	kW	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size							
ODP-2-22075-3KF42-SN*	0.75	ODP-2-22010-3HF42-SN [*]	1	4.3	2						
ODP-2-22150-3KF42-SN*	1.5	ODP-2-22020-3HF42-SN*	2	7	2						
ODP-2-22220-3KF42-SN*	2.2	ODP-2-22030-3HF42-SN [*]	3	10.5	2						
ODP-2-32040-3KF42-SN*	4	ODP-2-32050-3HF42-SN*	5	18	3						
ODP-2-32055-3KF42-SN*	5.5	ODP-2-32075-3HF42-SN*	7.5	24	3						
380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase Ir	nput										
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size						
ODP-2-24075-3KF42-SN*	0.75	ODP-2-24010-3HF42-SN*		2.2	2						
ODP-2-24150-3KF42-SN*	1.5	ODP-2-24020-3HF42-SN [*]	2	4.1	2						
ODP-2-24220-3KF42-SN*	2.2 ODP-2-24030-3HF42-SN*		3	5.8	2						
ODP-2-24400-3KF42-SN*	4	ODP-2-24050-3HF42-SN*	5	9.5	2						
ODP-2-34055-3KF42-SN*	5.5	ODP-2-34075-3HF42-SN*	7.5	14	3						
ODP-2-34075-3KF42-SN*	7.5	ODP-2-34100-3HF42-SN*	10	18	3						
ODP-2-34110-3KF42-SN*	11	ODP-2-34150-3HF42-SN [*]	15	24	3						
500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase Ir	nput										
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size						
ODP-2-26075-3K042-SN [*]	0.75	ODP-2-26010-3H042-SN [*]	1	2.1	2						
ODP-2-26150-3K042-SN*	1.5	ODP-2-26020-3H042-SN*	2	3.1	2						
ODP-2-26220-3K042-SN*	2.2	ODP-2-26030-3H042-SN*	3	4.1	2						
ODP-2-26400-3K042-SN*	4	ODP-2-26050-3H042-SN [*]	5	6.5	2						
ODP-2-26550-3K042-SN*	5.5	ODP-2-26075-3H042-SN [*]	7.5	9	2						
ODP-2-36075-3K042-SN*	7.5	ODP-2-36100-3H042-SN [*]	10	12	3						
ODP-2-36110-3K042-SN*	11	ODP-2-36150-3H042-SN*	15	17	3						
ODP-2-36150-3K042-SN*	15	ODP-2-36200-3H042-SN [*]	20	22	3						

* Note: The final two characters of the model number relate to available factory build options as follows

- -SN Standard Seven Segment LED Display, standard PCB coating
- -SC Standard Seven Segment LED Display, additional PCB conformal coating

2.3. Drive model numbers – IP55

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.4.2 on page 12. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2 on page 47.

200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase Input												
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size							
ODP-2-42055-3KF4N-SN*	5.5	ODP-2-42075-3HF4N-SN [*]	7.5	24	4							
ODP-2-42075-3KF4N-SN [*]	7.5	ODP-2-42100-3HF4N-SN [*]	10	39	4							
ODP-2-42110-3KF4N-SN*	11	ODP-2-42150-3HF4N-SN [*]	15	46	4							
ODP-2-52150-3KF4N-SN*	15	ODP-2-52020-3HF4N-SN [*]	20	61	5							
ODP-2-52185-3KF4N-SN [*]	18.5	ODP-2-52025-3HF4N-SN [*]	25	72	5							
ODP-2-62022-3KF#N-SN*	22	ODP-2-62030-3HF#N-SN [*]	30	90	6							
ODP-2-62030-3KF#N-SN*	30	ODP-2-62040-3HF#N-SN [*]	40	110	6							
ODP-2-62037-3KF#N-SN*	37	ODP-2-62050-3HF#N-SN [*]	50	150	6							
ODP-2-62045-3KF#N-SN*	45	ODP-2-62060-3HF#N-SN [*]	60	180	6							
ODP-2-72055-3KF#N-SN*	55	ODP-2-72075-3HF#N-SN [*]	75	202	7							
ODP-2-72075-3KF#N-SN*	75	ODP-2-72100-3HF#N-SN [*]	100	248	7							
380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase Input												
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size							
ODP-2-44110-3KF4N-SN [*]	11	ODP-2-44150-3HF4N-SN [*]	15	24	4							
ODP-2-44150-3KF4N-SN [*]	15	ODP-2-44200-3HF4N-SN [*]	20	30	4							
ODP-2-44185-3KF4N-SN [*]	18.5	ODP-2-44250-3HF4N-SN [*]	25	39	4							
ODP-2-44220-3KF4N-SN*	22	ODP-2-44300-3HF4N-SN [*]	30	46	4							
ODP-2-54300-3KF4N-SN*	30	ODP-2-54040-3HF4N-SN [*]	40	61	5							
ODP-2-54370-3KF4N-SN*	37	ODP-2-54050-3HF4N-SN [*]	50	72	5							
ODP-2-64045-3KF#N-SN*	45	ODP-2-64060-3HF#N-SN [*]	60	90	6							
ODP-2-64055-3KF#N-SN*	55	ODP-2-64075-3HF#N-SN [*]	75	110	6							
ODP-2-64075-3KF#N-SN*	75	ODP-2-64120-3HF#N-SN [*]	120	150	6							
ODP-2-64090-3KF#N-SN*	90	ODP-2-64150-3HF#N-SN [*]	150	180	6							
ODP-2-74110-3KF#N-SN*	110	ODP-2-74175-3HF#N-SN [*]	175	202	7							
ODP-2-74132-3KF#N-SN [*]	132	ODP-2-74200-3HF#N-SN [*]	200	240	7							
ODP-2-74160-3KF#N-SN*	160	ODP-2-74250-3HF#N-SN [*]	250	302	7							
		480-525V ±10% - 3 Phase	Input									
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size							
ODP-2-75132-3K0#N-SN [*]	132			185	7							
ODP-2-75150-3K0#N-SN*	150			205	7							
ODP-2-75185-3K0#N-SN [*]	185			255	7							
ODP-2-75200-3K0#N-SN*	200			275	7							
		500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase	Input									
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size							
ODP-2-46150-3K04N-SN [*]	15	ODP-2-46200-3H04N-SN [*]	20	22	4							
ODP-2-46185-3K04N-SN*	18.5	ODP-2-46250-3H04N-SN*	25	28	4							
ODP-2-46220-3K04N-SN [*]	22	ODP-2-46300-3H04N-SN [*]	30	34	4							
ODP-2-46300-3K04N-SN* 30		ODP-2-46400-3H04N-SN [*]	40	43	4							
ODP-2-56370-3K04N-SN*	37	ODP-2-56050-3H04N-SN [*]	50	54	5							
ODP-2-56450-3K04N-SN*	45	ODP-2-56060-3H04N-SN*	60	65	5							
ODP-2-66055-3K0#N-SN*	55	ODP-2-66075-3H0#N-SN*	75	78	6							
ODP-2-66075-3K0#N-SN*	75	ODP-2-66100-3H0#N-SN*	100	105	6							
ODP-2-66090-3K0#N-SN*	90	ODP-2-66125-3H0#N-SN*	125	130	6							

*Note: The final two characters of the model number relate to available factory build options as follows

-SN Standard Seven Segment LED Display, standard PCB coating

-SC Standard Seven Segment LED Display, additional PCB conformal coating

-TN OLED Text Display, standard PCB coating

-TC OLED Text Display, additional PCB conformal coating

Replace with "4" for internal brake transistor, "1" for no internal brake transistor

2.4. Drive model numbers – IP66

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.4.3 on page 13. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2 on page 47.

kW N	/lodel	kW	HP N	lodel	HP	Output	Frame	
Non Switched	Switched		Non Switched Switched			Current (A)	Size	
ODP-2-22075-1KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22075-1KF4Y-SN*	0.75	ODP-2-22010-1HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22010-1HF4Y-SN*	1	4.3	2	
ODP-2-22150-1KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22150-1KF4Y-SN*	1.5	ODP-2-22020-1HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22020-1HF4Y-SN*	2	7	2	
ODP-2-22220-1KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22220-1KF4Y-SN*	2.2	ODP-2-22030-1HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22030-1HF4Y-SN*	3	10.5	2	
200-240V ±10% - 3 Ph	ase Input							
kW Model Number		kW	HP Model Number		HP	Output	Frame	
Non Switched	Switched		Non Switched	Switched		Current (A)	Size	
ODP-2-22075-3KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22075-3KF4Y-SN*	0.75	ODP-2-12010-3HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22010-3HF4Y-SN*	1	4.3	2	
ODP-2-22150-3KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22150-3KF4Y-SN*	1.5	ODP-2-22020-3HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22020-3HF4Y-SN*	2	7	2	
ODP-2-22220-3KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22220-3KF4Y-SN*	2.2	ODP-2-22030-3HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-22030-3HF4Y-SN*	3	10.5	2	
ODP-2-32040-3KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-32040-3KF4Y-SN*	4	ODP-2-32050-3HF4X-SN [*] ODP-2-32050-3HF4Y-SN [*]		5	18	3	
380-480V ±10% - 3 Ph	ase Input							
kW Model Number		kW	HP Model Number		HP	Output	Frame	
Non Switched	n Switched Switched		Non Switched	Switched		Current (A)	Size	
ODP-2-24075-3KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-24075-3KF4Y-SN*	0.75	ODP-2-24010-3HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-24010-3HF4Y-SN*	1	2.2	2	
ODP-2-24150-3KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-24150-3KF4Y-SN*	1.5	ODP-2-24020-3HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-24020-3HF4Y-SN*	2	4.1	2	
ODP-2-24220-3KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-24220-3KF4Y-SN*	2.2	ODP-2-24030-3HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-24030-3HF4Y-SN*	3	5.8	2	
ODP-2-24400-3KF4X-SN [*]	ODP-2-24400-3KF4Y-SN*	4	ODP-2-24050-3HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-24050-3HF4Y-SN*	5	9.5	2	
ODP-2-34055-3KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-34055-3KF4Y-SN*	5.5	ODP-2-34075-3HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-34075-3HF4Y-SN*	7.5	14	3	
ODP-2-34075-3KF4X-SN*	ODP-2-34075-3KF4Y-SN*	7.5	ODP-2-34100-3HF4X-SN*	ODP-2-34100-3HF4Y-SN*	10	18	3	
500-600V ±10% - 3 Ph	ase Input		•					
kW Model Number		kW	HP Model Number		HP	Output	Frame	
Non Switched	Switched		Non Switched	Switched		Current (A)	Size	
ODP-2-26075-3K04X-SN*	ODP-2-26075-3K04Y-SN*	0.75	ODP-2-26010-3H04X-SN*	ODP-2-26010-3H04Y-SN*	1	2.1	2	
ODP-2-26150-3K04X-SN*	ODP-2-26150-3K04Y-SN*	1.5	ODP-2-26020-3H04X-SN*	ODP-2-26020-3H04Y-SN*	2	3.1	2	
ODP-2-26220-3K04X-SN [*]	ODP-2-26220-3K04Y-SN*	2.2	ODP-2-26030-3H04X-SN*	ODP-2-26030-3H04Y-SN*	3	4.1	2	
ODP-2-26400-3K04X-SN*	ODP-2-26400-3K04Y-SN*	4	ODP-2-26050-3H04X-SN*	ODP-2-26050-3H04Y-SN*	5	6.5	2	
ODP-2-26550-3K04X-SN*	ODP-2-26550-3K04Y-SN*	5.5	ODP-2-26075-3H04X-SN*	ODP-2-26075-3H04Y-SN*	7.5	9	2	
ODP-2-36075-3K04X-SN*	ODP-2-36075-3K04Y-SN*	7.5	ODP-2-36100-3H04X-SN*	ODP-2-36100-3H04Y-SN*	10	12	3	

*Note: The final two characters of the model number relate to available factory build options as follows

-SN Standard Seven Segment LED Display, standard PCB coating

-SC Standard Seven Segment LED Display, additional PCB conformal coating

-TN OLED Text Display, standard PCB coating

-TC OLED Text Display, additional PCB conformal coating

2

3. Mechanical Installation

3.1. General

- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Size 2 only).
- The Optidrive must be installed in a pollution degree 1 or 2 environment only.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in section 3.5 and 3.7 are left clear
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 10.1
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive

3.2. Before Installation

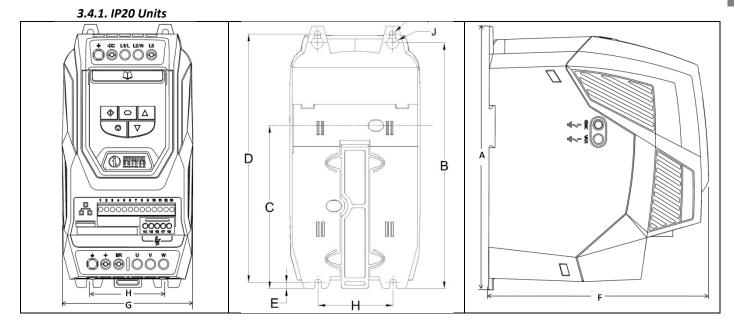
- Carefully Unpack the Optidrive and check for any signs of damage. Notify the shipper immediately if any exist.
- Check the drive rating label to ensure it is of the correct type and power requirements for the application.
- To prevent accidental damage always store the Optidrive in its original box until required. Storage should be clean and dry and within the temperature range –40°C to +60°C

3.3. UL Compliant Installation

Note the following for UL-compliant installation:

- For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333
- The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 10.1
- For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment
- For IP55 & IP66 units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environmant is permissible
- UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections
- Refer to section 10.3 on page 48 for Additional Information for UL Approved Installations.

3.4. Mechanical dimensions and weights



Drive		Α	I	3		с	D E F		E		E		E		F		G		G		G		G		G		G		G		F G		G		н			I		J	Wei	ght
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	ib																				
2	221	8.70	207	8.15	137	5.39	209	8.23	5.3	0.21	185	7.28	110	4.50	63	2.48	5.5	0.22	10	0.39	1.8	4.0																				
3	261	10.28	246	9.69	-	-	247	9.72	6	0.24	205	8.07	131	5.16	80	3.15	5.5	0.22	10	0.39	3.5	7.7																				

Mounting Bolts

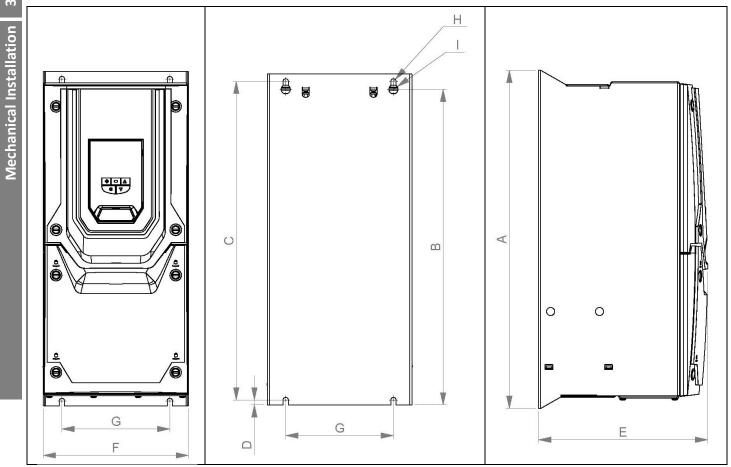
All Frame Sizes:

4 x M4 (#8)

Tightening Torques

Control Terminal Torque Settings: Power Terminal Torque Settings: All Sizes: 0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in) All Sizes: 1 Nm (9 lb-in) .

3.4.2. IP55 Units



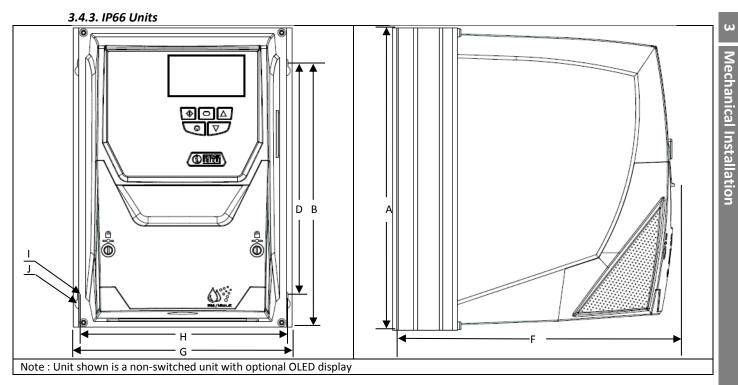
Drive		4		3	(с	[D		E		F		3	ŀ	ł		I	We	eight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
4	450	17.72	428	16.85	433	17.05	8	0.31	252	9.92	171	6.73	110	4.33	4.25	0.17	7.5	0.30	11.5	25.4
5	540	21.26	515	20.28	520	20.47	8	0.31	270	10.63	235	9.25	175	6.89	4.25	0.17	7.5	0.30	23	50.7
6	865	34.06	830	32.68	840	33.07	10	0.39	330	12.99	330	12.99	200	7.87	5.5	0.22	11	0.43	55	121.2
7	1280	50.39	1245	49.02	1255	49.41	10	0.39	360	14.17	330	12.99	200	7.87	5.5	0.22	11	0.43	89	196.2

Mounting Bolts

Frame Size 4	:	M8 (5/16 UNF)
Frame Size 5	:	M8 (5/16 UNF)
Frame Size 6	:	M10 (3/8 UNF)
Frame Size 7	:	M10 (3/8 UNF)

Tightening Torques

Control Terminal Torque Settings:	All Sizes:	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)
Power Terminal Torque Settings:	Frame Size 4:	2 Nm (18 lb-in)
	Frame Size 5:	4 Nm (35.5 lb-in)
	Frame Size 6:	15 Nm (11 lb-ft)
	Frame Size 7:	15Nm (11 lb-ft)



Drive		Α		В	D		Е		F		G		н		I		J		Weig	ght
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
2	257	10.12	220	8.66	200	7.87	29	1.12	239	9.41	188	7.40	178	7.01	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	4.8	10.6
3	310	12.20	277	10.89	252	9.90	33	1.31	266	10.47	211	8.29	200	7.87	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	7.7	16.8

Mounting Bolt Sizes

All Frame Sizes

4 x M4 (#8)

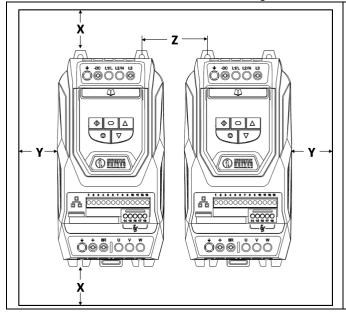
Tightening Torques

Control Terminal Torque Settings: Power Terminal Torque Settings: All Sizes: 0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in) All Sizes: 1 Nm (9 lb-in)

3.5. Guidelines for Enclosure mounting (IP20 Units)

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:-



Drive	Х			Y		Z	Recommended			
Size	Above &		Either		Between		airflow			
	Be	low	Si	de	between					
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	CFM (ft ³ /min)			
2	75	2.95	50	1.97	46	1.81	11			
3	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	26			

Note :

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are 3% of operating load conditions.

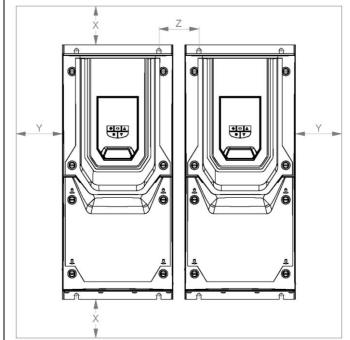
Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.6. Mounting the Drive – IP20 Units

- IP20 Units are intended for installation within a control cabinet.
- When mounting with screws
 - Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations for drilling
 - Ensure that when mounting locations are drilled, the dust from drilling does not enter the drive
 - \circ \quad Mount the drive to the cabinet backplate using suitable M5 mounting screws
 - Position the drive, and tighten the mounting screws securely
- When Din Rail Mounting (Frame Size 2 Only)
 - \circ ~ Locate the DIN rail mounting slot on the rear of the drive onto the top of the DIN rail first
 - o Press the bottom of the drive onto the DIN rail until the lower clip attaches to the DIN rail
 - If necessary, use a suitable flat blade screw driver to pull the DIN rail clip down to allow the drive to mount securely on the rail
 - To remove the drive from the DIN rail, use a suitable flat blade screwdriver to pull the release tab downwards, and lift the bottom of the drive away from the rail first

3.7. Guidelines for mounting (IP55 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives
- IP55 units do not require mounting inside an electrical control cabinet; however they may be if desired.



Drive	2	x	Y			
Size	Abo	ve &	Either			
	Be	low	Side			
	mm	in	mm	in		
4	200	7.87	10	0.39		
5	200	7.87	10	0.39		
6	200	7.87	10	0.39		
7	200	7.87	10	0.39		

Note :

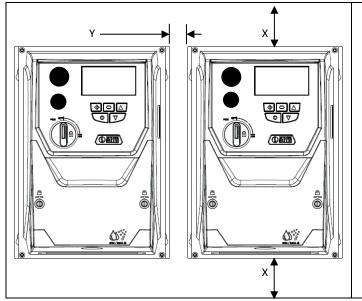
Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the IP protection of the drive are required. Gland sizes should be selected based on the number and size of the required connection cables. Drives are supplied with a plain, undrilled gland plate to allow the correct hole sizes to be cut as required. Remove the gland plate from the drive prior to drilling.

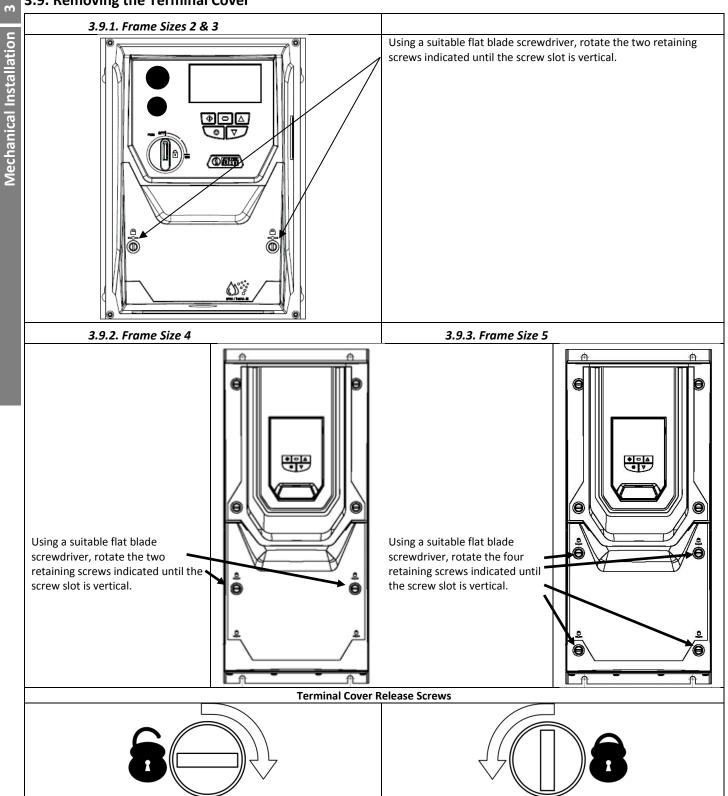
3.8. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives

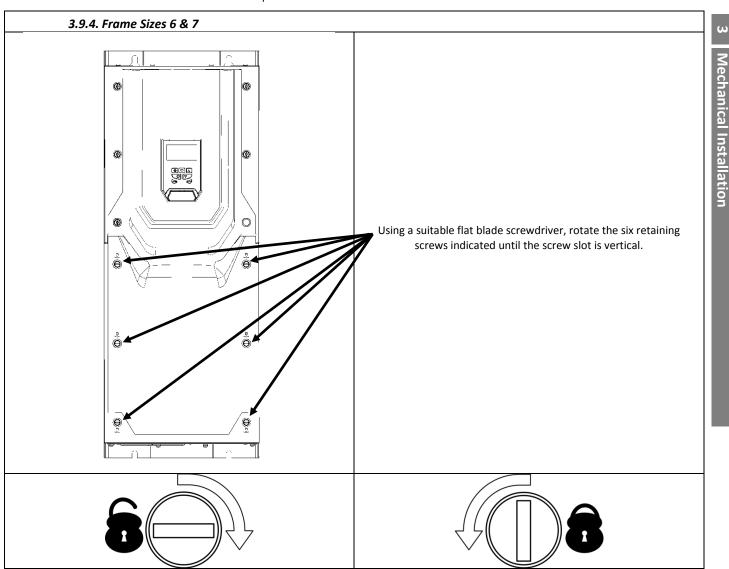


Drive	х			Y		
Size	Above &	k		Eithe		
	Below			Side		
	mm	in	mm		in	
2	200	7.87	10		0.39	
3	200	7.87	10		0.39	
Note :						
Typical of	drive heat loss	ses are	approxi	mate	ly 3% of	
oneratir	g load condit	ions	•••		•	
operatin	ig iodu conun	ions.				
operatio		10115.				
	re guidelines		nd the op	perati	ing	
Above a		only ar			0	
Above a ambient	re guidelines	only ar of the			0	
Above a ambient maintair	re guidelines temperature	only ar of the			0	
Above a ambient maintair	re guidelines temperature ned at all time	only ar of the s.		UST Ł	0	
Above a ambient maintair Cable Gl	re guidelines temperature ned at all time and Sizes	only ar of the s. Mot	drive M	UST k Con	be	
Above a ambient maintair Cable Gl Frame	re guidelines temperature ned at all time and Sizes Power Cable	only ar of the es. <u>Mot</u>	or Cable	UST k Con M2	De Itrol Cables	
Above a ambient maintair Cable Gl Frame 2	re guidelines temperature ned at all time and Sizes Power Cable M25 (PG21)	only ar of the es. <u>Mot</u>	or Cable	UST k Con M2	trol Cables	
Above a ambient maintair Cable Gl Frame 2	re guidelines temperature ned at all time and Sizes Power Cable M25 (PG21)	only ar of the es. <u>Mot</u>	or Cable	UST k Con M2	trol Cables	
Above a ambient maintair Cable Gl Frame 2	re guidelines temperature ned at all time and Sizes Power Cable M25 (PG21)	only ar of the es. <u>Mot</u>	or Cable	UST k Con M2	trol Cables	
Above a ambient maintair Cable Gl Frame 2	re guidelines temperature ned at all time and Sizes Power Cable M25 (PG21)	only ar of the es. <u>Mot</u>	or Cable	UST k Con M2	trol Cables	

- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are premoulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown above. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.



3.9. Removing the Terminal Cover



3.10. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in the "Environment" section.
- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

4. Electrical Installation



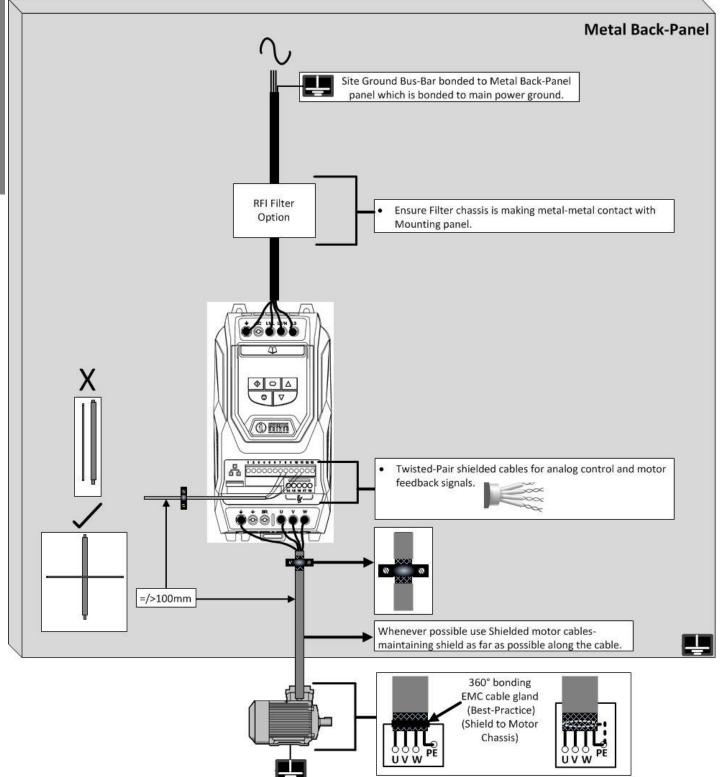
4.1. Grounding the Drive

This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.

This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

4.1.1. Recommended installation for EMC compliance



4.1.2. Grounding Guidelines

The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

4.1.3. Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

4.1.4. Safety Ground 佳

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

4.1.5. Motor Ground

The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

4.1.6. Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply: -

- A Type B Device must be used
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each Optidrive

4.1.7. Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

4.2. Wiring Precautions

Connect the Optidrive according to section 4.3, ensuring that motor terminal box connections are correct. There are two connections in general: Star and Delta. It is essential to ensure that the motor is connected in accordance with the voltage at which it will be operated. For more information, refer to section 4.6 Motor Terminal Box Connections.

It is recommended that the power cabling should be 4-core PVC-insulated screened cable, laid in accordance with local industrial regulations and codes of practice.

4.3. Incoming Power Connection

- For 1 phase supply, power should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase supplies, power should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, a symmetrical shielded cable is recommended.
- For compliance with CSA requirements, transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 600V (phase to ground), 600V (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 4 kV or equivalent.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Guideline dimensions are given in section 10.2.
- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 10.2. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type T fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- When the power supply is removed from the drive, a minimum of 30 seconds should be allowed before re-applying the power. A minimum of 5 minutes should be allowed before removing the terminal covers or connection.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.
- An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:-
 - \circ ~ The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high
 - \circ \quad The supply is prone to dips or brown outs
 - \circ \quad An imbalance exists on the supply (3 phase drives)
 - \circ The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).
- In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults.

4.4. Operation of 3 Phase drives from a Single Phase Supply

A special function of Optidrive P2 allows all drives designed for operation on 3 phase supplies to be operated on a single phase supply of the correct rated voltage at up to 50% of the nominal capacity.

For Example, Model Number ODP-2-64450-3KA4N can be operated on a single phase supply, 380 – 480 volts, with the maximum output current limited to 45 Amps

The supply should be connected to the L1 and L2 terminals of the drive.

4.5. Drive and Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals.
- For compliance with the European EMC directive, a suitable screened (shielded) cable should be used. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals are recommended as a minimum. Installation within a suitable steel or copper tube is generally also acceptable.
- The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area
- Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible.
- For IP55 drives, connect the motor cable screen to the internal ground clamp

4.6. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor

This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection		
230	230 / 400	Delta			
400	400 / 690	Della	000		
600	600 / 1050				
400	230 / 400				
600	340 / 600	Star			

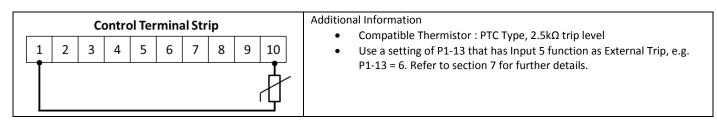
4.7. Motor Thermal overload Protection.

4.7.1. Internal Thermal overload protection.

The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "l.t-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P1-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.7.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

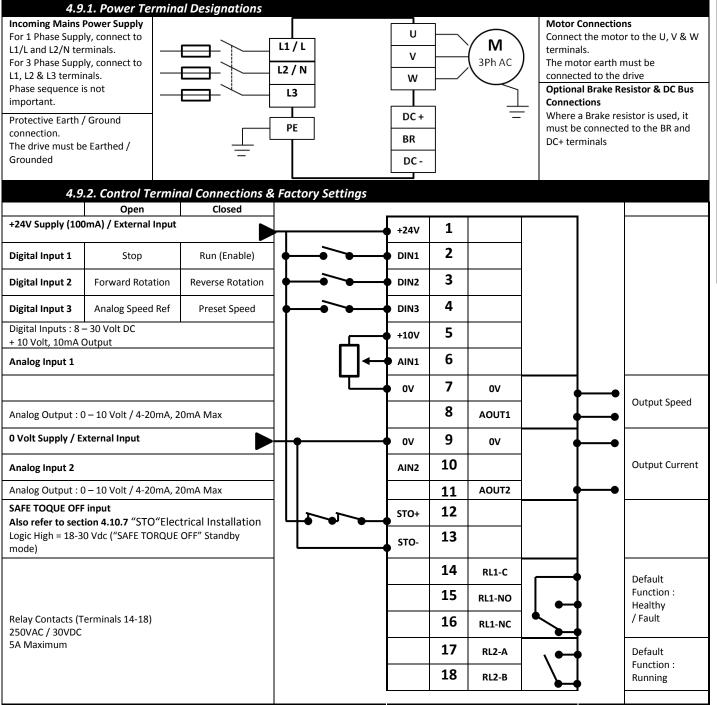
Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:-



4.8. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
 - Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm² / 30 12 AWG.

4.9. Connection Diagram



4.10. Safe Torque Off

Safe Torque OFF will be referred to as "STO" through the remainder of this section.

4.10.1. Responsibilities

The overall system designer is responsible for defining the requirements of the overall "Safety Control System" within which the drive will be incorporated; furthermore the system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is risk assessed and that the "Safety control System" requirements have been entirely met and that the function is fully verified, this must include confirmation testing of the "STO" function before drive commissioning.

The system designer shall determine the possible risks and hazards within the system by carrying out a thorough risk and hazard analysis, the outcome of the analysis should provide an estimate of the possible hazards, furthermore determine the risk levels and identify any needs for risk reduction. The "STO" function should be evaluated to ensure it can sufficiently meet the risk level required.

4.10.2. What STO Provides

The purpose of the "STO" function is to provide a method of preventing the drive from creating torque in the motor in the absence of the "STO" input signals (Terminal 12 with respect to Terminal 13), this allows the drive to be incorporated into a complete safety control system where "STO" requirements need to be fulfilled.¹

The "STO" function can typically eliminate the need for electro-mechanical contactors with cross-checking auxiliary contacts as per normally required to provide safety functions.²

The drive has the "STO" Function built-in as standard and complies with the definition of "Safe torque off" as defined by IEC 61800-5-2:2007. The "STO" Function also corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with category 0 (Emergency Off), of IEC 60204-1. This means that the motor will coast to a stop when the "STO" function is activated, this method of stopping should be confirmed as being acceptable to the system the motor is driving.

The "STO" function is recognised as a fail safe method even in the case where the "STO" signal is absent and a single fault within the drive has occurred, the drive has been proven in respect of this by meeting the following safety standards :

	SIL (Safety Integrity Level)	PFH _D (Probability of dangerous Failures per Hour)	SFF (Safe failure fraction %)	Lifetime assumed
EN 61800-5-2	2	1.23E-09 1/h (0.12 % of SIL 2)	50	20 Yrs

	PL	CCF (%)
	(Performance level)	(Common Cause Failure)
EN ISO 13849-1	PL d	1

	SILCL
EN 62061	SILCL 2

Note : The values achieved above maybe jeopardised if the drive is installed outside of the Environmental limits detailed in section 10.1 "Environmental".

4.10.3. What STO does not provide



Disconnect and ISOLATE the drive before attempting any work on it. The "STO" function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drive power terminals.



¹Note: The "STO" function does not prevent the drive from an unexpected re-start. As soon as the "STO" inputs receive the relevant signal it is possible (subject to parameter settings) to restart automatically, Based on this, the function should not be used for carrying out short-term non-electrical machinery operations (such as cleaning or maintenance work).



²Note: In some applications additional measures may be required to fulfil the systems safety function needs: the "STO" function does not provide motor braking. In the case where motor braking is required a time delay safety relay and/or a mechanical brake arrangement or similar method should be adopted, consideration should be made over the required safety function when braking

The drive braking circuit alone cannot be relied upon as a fail safe method.



When using permanent magnet motors and in the unlikely event of a multiple output power devices failing then the motor could effectively rotate the motor shaft by 180/p degrees (Where p denotes number of motor pole pairs).

4.10.4. "STO" Operation

When the "STO" inputs are energised, the "STO" function is in a standby state, if the drive is then given a "Start signal/command" (as per the start source method selected in **P**1-13) then the drive will start and operate normally.

When the "STO" inputs are de-energised then the STO Function is activated and stops the drive (Motor will coast), the drive is now in "Safe Torque Off" mode.

To get the drive out of "Safe Torque Off" mode then any "Fault messages" need to be reset and the drive "STO" input needs to be re-energised.

4.10.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring

There are a number of methods for monitoring the status of the "STO" input, these are detailed below:

Drive Display

In Normal drive operation (Mains AC power applied), when the drives "STO" input is de-energised ("STO" Function activated) the drive will highlight this by displaying "InHibit", (Note: If the drive is in a tripped condition then the relevant trip will be displayed and not "InHibit"). Drive Output Relay

- Drive relay 1: Setting P2-15 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.
- Drive relay 2: Setting P2-18 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.

"STO" Fault Codes

Fault Code	Code Number	Description	Corrective Action
"Sto-F"	29	A fault has been detected within either of the internal channels of the "STO" circuit.	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner

4.10.6. "STO" Function response time

The total response time is the time from a safety related event occurring to the components (sum of) within the system responding and becoming safe. (Stop Category 0 in accordance with IEC 60204-1)

- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the output of the drive being in a state that will not produce torque in the motor ("STO" active) is less than 1ms.
- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the "STO" monitoring status changing state is less than 20ms
- The response time from the drive sensing a fault in the STO circuit to the drive displaying the fault on the display/Digital output showing drive not healthy is less than 20ms.

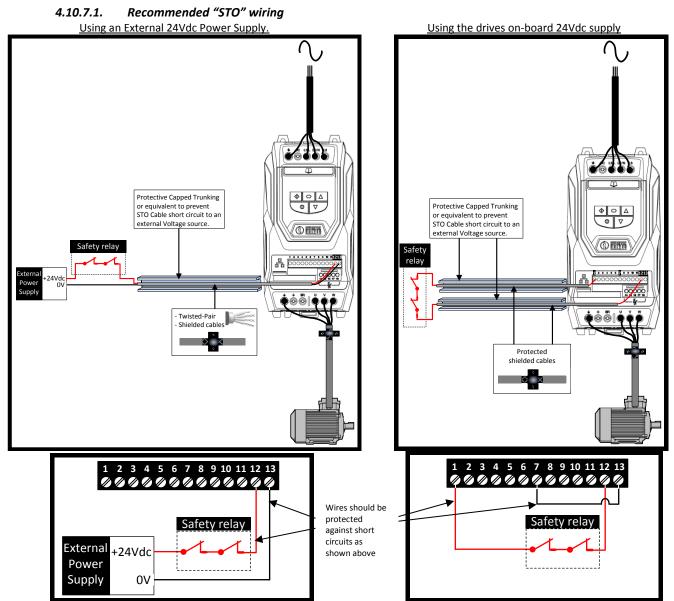
4.10.7. "STO" Electrical Installation



The "STO" wiring shall be protected from inadvertent short circuits or tampering which could lead to failure of the "STO" input signal, further guidance is given in the diagrams below.

In addition to the wiring guidelines for the "STO" circuit below, section 4.1.1 Recommended installation for EMC compliance should also be followed.

The drive should be wired as illustrated below; the 24Vdc signal source applied to the "STO" input can be either from the 24Vdc on the drive or from an External 24Vdc power supply.



Note : The Maximum cable length from Voltage source to the drive terminals should not exceed 25 mtrs.

4.10.8. External Power supply Specification.

Voltage Rating (Nominal)	24Vdc
STO Logic High	18-30Vdc (Safe torque off in standby)
Current Consumption (Maximum)	100mA

4.10.9. Safety Relay Specification.

The safety relay should be chosen so that at minimum it meets the safety standards in which the drive meets.

SIL2 or PLd SC3 or better (With Forcibly guided Contacts)		
Number of Output Contacts	2 independent	
Switching Voltage Rating	30Vdc	
Switching Current	100mA	

4.10.10. Enabling the "STO" Function

The "STO" function is always enabled in the drive regardless of operating mode or parameter changes made by the user.

4.10.1. Testing the "STO" Function

Before commissioning the system the "STO" function should always be tested for correct operation, this should include the following tests:

- With the motor at standstill, and a stop command given to the drive (as per the start source method selected in P1-13):
 De-energise the "STO" inputs (Drive will display ""InHibit").
 - Give a start command (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) and check that the drive still displays "Inhibit" and that the operation is in line with the section 4.10.4 "STO" Operation and section 4.10.5 "STO" Status and Monitoring
- With the motor running normally (from the drive):
 - De-energise the "STO" inputs
 - Check that the drive displays "InHibit" and that the motor stops *and* that the operation is in line with the section *and section* 4.10.4 "STO" Operation and section 4.10.5 "STO" Status and Monitoring

4.10.2. "STO" Function Maintenance.

The "STO" function should be included within the control systems scheduled maintenance program so that the function is regularly tested for integrity (Minimum once per Year), furthermore the function should be integrity tested following any safety system modifications or maintenance work.

If drive fault messages are observed refer to section 11.1"Fault messages" for further guidance.

4.11. Connecting a Brake Resistor

Optidrive P2 units feature an internal brake transistor, fitted as standard for all frame Size 2 – 5 models, and optionally on larger frame sizes. The brake resistor should be connected to the DC+ and BR Terminals of the drive.

The brake transistor is enabled using P1-05 (Refer to section 8.1 for further information).

Software protection against brake resistor overload is carried out within the drive. For correct protection

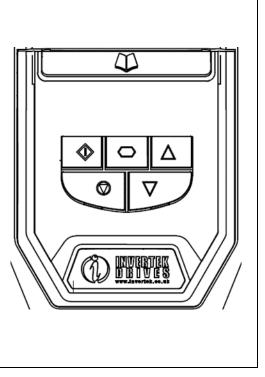
- Set P1-14 = 201
- Enter the resistance of the brake resistor in P6-19 (Ohms)
- Enter the power of the brake resistor in P6-20 (kW)

ه 5. Managing the Keypad

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

5.1. Keypad Layout and Function – Standard LED Keypad

	-	
	NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes
	UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode
	DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode
	RESET / STOP	Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.
\diamondsuit	START	When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad mode is enabled



5.2. Changing Parameters

Procedure	Display shows
Power on Drive	StoP
Press and hold the for >2 seconds	P - D
Press the Key	P I-02
The and can be used to select the desired parameter	P - []] etc
Select the required parameter, e.g. P1-02	P I-02
Press the button	0.0
Use the walue, e.g. set to 10	10.0
Press the key	P I-02
The parameter value is now adjusted and automatically stored. Press the operating mode key for >2 seconds to return to	StoP

5.3. Advanced Keypad Operation Short Cuts

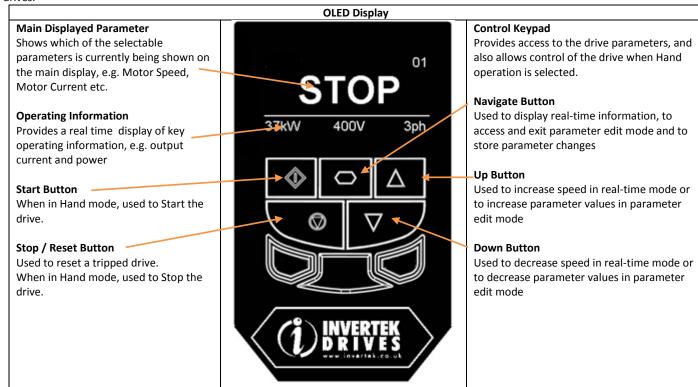
Function	When Display shows	Press	Result	Example
Fast Selection of Parameter Groups	₽ _{x⁻xx}		The next highest Parameter group is selected	Display shows P I- ID Press + C Display shows P2-0 I
ote : Parameter Group ccess must be enabled P1-14 = 101	₽ _{x⁻xx}		The next lowest Parameter group is selected	Display shows P2-26 Press + V Display shows P I-0 I
Select lowest Group Parameter	₽ _{x⁻xx}		The first parameter of a group is selected	Display shows P I- ID Press P + P Display shows P I- D I
Set Parameter to minimum value	Any numerical value (Whilst editing a parameter value)		The parameter is set to the minimum value	When editing P1-01 Display shows 50.0 Press Press - - - - - - - - - -
djusting individual digits vithin a parameter value	Any numerical value (Whilst editing a parameter value)	() +	Individual parameter digits can be adjusted	When editing P1-10 Display shows Press Display shows Display shows Press Display shows Display sh

5.4. Drive Operating Displays

Display	Status					
StoP	Drive mains power applied, but no Enable or Run signal applied					
AULo-L	Motor Autotune in progress.					
Н х.х	Drive running, display shows output frequency (Hz)	Whilst the drive is running, the following displays can be				
Я х.х	Drive running, display shows motor current (Amps)	selected by briefly pressing the button on the drive.				
Р х.х	Drive Running, display shows motor power (kW)	Each press of the button will cycle the display through to				
Е х.х	Drive Running, display shows customer selected units, see parameters P2-21 and P2-22	the next selection.				
Et1-24	Drive mains power not present, external 24 Volt control power supply present only					
I nh ibb	Output power hardware inhibited, hardware enable circuit open. External links are required to the STO inputs (terminals 12 and 13) as shown in section 4.9 Connection Diagram					
P-dEF	Parameters reset to factory default settings					
U- dEF	Parameters reset to User default settings					
For drive faul	t code displays, refer to section 11.1 on page 51					

5.5. Keypad Layout and Function – Optional OLED Keypad

An optional Multi Language OLED display keypad may be specified at the time of order, option code –Tx. This option is not available for IP20 drives.



5.6. Drive Operating Displays

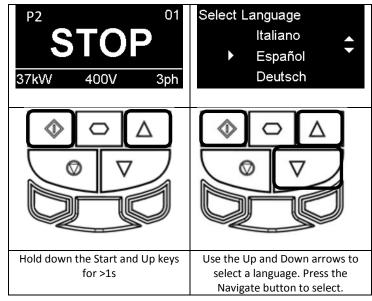
r		01			01	Output	Frequency 01	Under ∨oltage
IN	HIBI	Т	S	TO		н	23.7 Hz [*]	U-Volt
37kW	400V	3ph	37kW	400V	3ph	0.3A	0.02kW	Press STOP key to reset
	d when the hai ble circuit is op	when the hardware Displayed when the drive power			perating, display showing utput information	Drive trip display showing trip condition		

5.7. Accessing and Changing Parameter Values

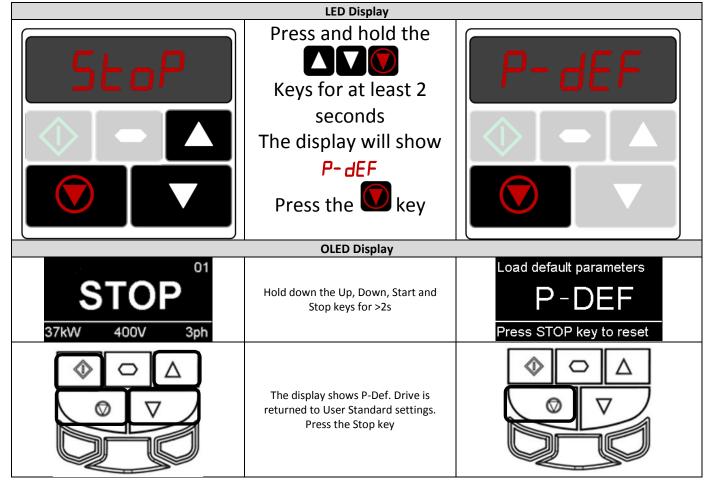
01 STOP 37kW 400V 3ph	Maximum speed limit P1-01 \$ 50.0Hz	50.0 Hz ≎	Maximum speed limit 23.7 Hz ≎ P1-01 ↑250.0 ↓0.0
$ \bigcirc \bigcirc \land \bigcirc \bigcirc \lor \bigcirc \bigcirc$			$ \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc \nabla \\ \bigcirc \nabla \\ \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc \\$
Hold navigate button in for >1 sec	Use up and down keys to scroll to required parameter.	Presss / release navigate button when required parameter shown	Use up and down keys to edit parameter value.

ഗ

5.8. Changing the Language on the OLED Display



5.9. Resetting Parameters to Factory Default Settings



5.10. Terminal Control

When delivered, the Optidrive is in the factory default state, meaning that it is set to operate in terminal control mode and all parameters have the default values as indicated in section 6.

- Connect the drive to the supply, ensuring the correct voltage and fusing / circuit breaker protection see section 10.2.
- Connect the motor to the drive, ensuring the correct star/delta connection for the voltage rating see section 4.6.
- Apply the mains power to the drive, then enter the motor data from motor nameplate; P1-07 = motor rated voltage, P1-08 = motor rated current, P1-09 = motor rated frequency.
- Connect the Drive Hardware Enable (STO) circuit as follows
 - Link Terminal 1 to Terminals 12 (STO +)
 - \circ $\,$ Link Terminal 9 to Terminal 13 (STO -)
- Connect a control switch between the control terminals 1 and 2 ensuring that the contact is open (drive disabled).
- Connect a potentiometer (1k Ω min to 10 k Ω max) between terminals 5 and 7, and the wiper to terminal 6.
- With the potentiometer set to zero, switch on the supply to the drive. The display will show **StoP**.
- Close the control switch, terminals 1-2. The drive is now 'enabled' and the output frequency/speed are controlled by the
- potentiometer. The display shows zero speed in Hz (H 0.0) with the potentiometer turned to minimum.
- Turn the potentiometer to maximum. The motor will accelerate to 50Hz, (60Hz for HP drives), the default value of P1-01, under the control of the acceleration ramp time P1-03.
- If the potentiometer is turned to minimum, the motor will decelerate to OHz, the default minimum speed set in P1-02, under the control of the deceleration ramp P1-04. The output speed can be adjusted anywhere between minimum and maximum speed using the potentiometer.
- To display motor current (Amps), briefly press the

again to display the motor power.

(Navigate) key.

Press

- Press again to return to speed display.
- To stop the motor, disable the drive by opening the control switch (terminals 1-2).
- If the enable/disable switch is opened the drive will decelerate to stop at which time the display will show **5toP**.

5.11. Keypad Control

To allow the Optidrive to be controlled from the keypad in a forward direction only, set P1-12 =1:

- Connect the drive to the supply, ensuring the correct voltage and fusing / circuit breaker protection see section 10.2.
- Connect the motor to the drive, ensuring the correct star/delta connection for the voltage rating see section 4.6.
- Apply the mains power to the drive, then enter the motor data from motor nameplate; P1-07 = motor rated voltage, P1-08 = motor rated current, P1-09 = motor rated frequency.
- Connect the Drive Hardware Enable (STO) circuit as follows
 - Link Terminal 1 to Terminals 12 (STO +)
 - Link Terminal 9 to Terminal 13 (STO -)
- Connect a control switch between the control terminals 1 and 2 ensuring that the contact is open (drive disabled).
- Enable the drive by closing the switch between control terminals 1 & 2. The display will show **StoP**.
- Press the key. The display shows H 0.0.
- Press to increase speed.
- The drive will run forward, increasing speed until is released.
- Press to decrease speed. The drive will decrease speed until is released. The rate of deceleration is limited by the setting in P1-04
- Press the key. The drive will decelerate to rest at the rate set in P1-04.
- The display will finally show **5LoP** at which point the drive is disabled
- To preset a target speed prior to enable, press the key whilst the drive is stopped. The display will show the target speed, use the keys to adjust as required then press the key to return the display to 5LoP.
- Pressing the key will start the drive accelerating to the target speed.
- To allow the Optidrive to be controlled from the keypad in a forward and reverse direction, set P1-12 =2:
- Operation is the same as when P1-12=1 for start, stop and changing speed.
- Press the key. The display changes to H 0.0.
- Press **U** to increase speed
- The drive will run forward, increasing speed until speed is the speed set in P1-01.



is released. Acceleration is limited by the setting in P1-03. The maximum

5.12. Operating in Sensorless Vector Speed Control Mode

To reverse the direction of rotation of the motor, press the

Optidrive P2 can be programmed by the user to operate in Sensorless Vector mode, which provides enhanced low speed torque, optimum motor speed regulation regardless of load and accurate control of the motor torque. In most applications, the default Voltage Vector control mode will provide adequate performance, however if Sensorless Vector operation is required, use the following procedure.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows
 - P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage
 - P1-08 Motor Rated Current
 - P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency
 - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm)
 - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor
 - Select Sensorless Vector control mode by setting P4-01 = 0
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1



The Autotune will begin immediately when P4-02 is set regardless of the status of the drive enable signal. Whilst the autotune procedure does not drive or spin the motor, the motor shaft may still turn slightly. It is not normally necessary to uncouple the load from the motor; however the user should ensure that no risk arises from the possible movement of the motor shaft. It is essential that the correct motor data is entered into the relevant drive parameters. Incorrect parameter settings can result in poor or even dangerous performance.

6. Parameters

6.1. Parameter Set Overview

The Optidrive P2 Parameter set consists of 6 groups as follows:

- Group 0 Read Only Monitoring Parameters
- Group 1 Basic Configuration Parameters
- Group 2 Extended Parameters
- Group 3 PID Control Parameters
- Group 4 High Performance Motor Control Parameters
- Group 5 Field Bus Parameters

When the Optidrive is reset to factory defaults, or is in its factory supplied state, only Group 1 Parameters can be accessed. In order to allow access to parameters from the higher level groups, P1-14 must be set to the same value as P2-40 (Default setting = 101). With this setting, parameter groups 1 - 5 can be accessed, along with the first 38 parameters in Group 0.

6.2. Parameter Group 1 – Basic Parameters

	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P1-01	Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit	P1-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm				
	Maximum output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz or rpm.				-				
	If P1-10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Rpm								
P1-02	Minimum Frequency / Speed Limit	0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm				
	Minimum speed limit – Hz or rpm.								
	If P1-10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Rpm								
P1-03	Acceleration Ramp Time	See E	Below	5.0 / 10.0	Seconds				
	Acceleration ramp time from 0 to base speed (P-1-09) in seconds.	•							
	FS2 & FS3 : 5.0 Seconds Default Setting, 0.01 Seconds Resolution, 600.0 Seconds	onds Maximum	l						
	FS4 – FS7 : 10.0 Seconds Default Setting, 0.1 Seconds Resolution, 6000 Seconds	nds Maximum							
P1-04	Deceleration Ramp Time	See E	Below	5.0 / 10.0	Seconds				
	Deceleration ramp time from base speed (P1-09) to standstill in seconds. W	hen set to zero	, fastest possi	ible ramp time	without trip				
	is activated								
	FS2 & FS3 : 5.0 Seconds Default Setting, 0.01 Seconds Resolution, 600.0 Seconds	onds Maximum	l						
	FS4 – FS7 : 10.0 Seconds Default Setting, 0.1 Seconds Resolution, 6000.0 Sec	onds Maximur	n						
P1-05	Stop Mode	0	3	0	-				
	0: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to	stop, with the	rate controlle	ed by P1-04 as	described				
	above. In this mode, the drive brake transistor (where fitted) is disabled.								
	1: Coast to Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive output is imported and the stop of the	mediately disa	bled, and the i	motor will coas	st				
	(freewheel) to stop. If the load can continue to rotate due to inertia, and the	drive may pos	sibly be re-en	abled whilst th	ie motor is				
	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. In this mode,	the drive brak	e transistor (v	where fitted) is	disabled.				
	2: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to	stop, with the	rate controlle	ed by P1-04 as	described				
	above. The Optidrive Brake chopper is also enabled in this mode.								
	3 : Coast to Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive output is immediately disabled, and the motor will coast								
	(freewheel) to stop. If the load can continue to rotate due to inertia, and the drive may possibly be re-enabled whilst the motor is								
			sibly be re-en	abled whilst th	e motor is				
	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra	ike chopper is	sibly be re-en enabled in thi	abled whilst th s mode, howev	e motor is				
	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint	ake chopper is , and will not a	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping.	e motor is				
	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking . As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to	ke chopper is , and will not a increase the av	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when vailable brakin	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque.	e motor is				
P1-06	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking . As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser	ake chopper is , and will not a	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping.	e motor is				
P1-06	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 	ke chopper is , and will not a increase the av	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when vailable brakin	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque.	e motor is				
P1-06	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when railable brakin 1	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque. 0	e motor is /er it will 				
P1-06	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ow 	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av 0 erall energy co	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 nsumed by th	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque. 0 e drive and mo	e motor is /er it will 				
P1-06	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ow operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the selected of the selected of	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av 0 erall energy cc the motor is re	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque. 0 e drive and mo ergy Optimiser	e motor is /er it will - otor when r is intended				
P1-06	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ov operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with 	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av 0 erall energy cc the motor is re	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque. 0 e drive and mo ergy Optimiser	e motor is /er it will - otor when r is intended				
	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ov operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. 	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av 0 erall energy co the motor is re constant speed	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque. 0 e drive and mo ergy Optimiser tor load, whetl	e motor is ver it will - otor when r is intended her				
P1-06 P1-07	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ov operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage 	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av o erall energy co the motor is re constant speed Drive	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque. 0 e drive and mo ergy Optimiser tor load, whetl	e motor is /er it will - otor when r is intended				
P1-07	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive braconly activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4: AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ow operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to a for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor 	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av erall energy co he motor is re constant speed Drive (Volts)	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo e Rating Deper	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque. 0 e drive and mo ergy Optimiser tor load, wheth	e motor is /er it will - otor when r is intended her Volts				
P1-07	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive braconly activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4: AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ow operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to a for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor 	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av erall energy co he motor is re constant speed Drive (Volts)	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque. 0 e drive and mo ergy Optimiser tor load, wheth	e motor is ver it will - otor when r is intended her				
P1-07 P1-08	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive braconly activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4: AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ow operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor Motor Rated Current This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor 	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av 0 erall energy cc the motor is re constant speed (Volts) Drive	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo e Rating Deper	abled whilst the smode, however stopping. g torque. O e drive and more and more and more and more and more and more and	e motor is /er it will - otor when r is intended her Volts Amps				
P1-07 P1-08	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive braconly activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4: AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ow operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to a for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor Motor Rated Frequency 	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av 0 erall energy cc the motor is re constant speed (Volts) Drive 10	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo e Rating Deper	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque. 0 e drive and mo ergy Optimiser tor load, wheth	e motor is /er it will - otor when r is intended her Volts				
P1-07 P1-08 P1-09	 still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ov operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor Motor Rated Frequency This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor 	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av erall energy cc the motor is re constant speed (Volts) Drive 10 or	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo e Rating Deper 500	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque. 0 e drive and mo ergy Optimiser tor load, wheth ndent 50 (60)	e motor is /er it will - otor when r is intended her Volts Amps				
P1-07 P1-08 P1-09	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking . As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled . When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ov operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor Motor Rated Current This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor Motor Rated Frequency This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor Motor Rated Speed	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av erall energy cc the motor is re constant speed (Volts) Drive 10 or 0	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo e Rating Deper 500 30000	abled whilst th s mode, howev stopping. g torque. 0 e drive and mo ergy Optimiser tor load, wheth ndent 50 (60) 0	e motor is ver it will - otor when r is intended her Volts Amps Hz Rpm				
P1-07 P1-08 P1-09	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking . As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled . When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ov operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor Motor Rated Current This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor Motor Rated Frequency This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor Motor Rated Speed This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av erall energy co the motor is re constant speed (Volts) 10 or 10 or 0 ot. When set	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo e Rating Deper 500 30000 to the default	abled whilst the smode, however stopping. g torque. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	e motor is /er it will - - - - - - - - - - - - -				
P1-07 P1-08 P1-09	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking . As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled . When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ov operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor Motor Rated Current This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor Motor Rated Speed This parameter an optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor Motor Rated Speed	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av erall energy co the motor is re constant speed (Volts) 10 or 10 or 0 otor. When set otor is disable	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo e Rating Deper 8 Rating Deper 500 30000 to the default d. Entering the	abled whilst the smode, however stopping. g torque. I concern the smole of the stopping of the	e motor is ver it will				
	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking . As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled . When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ov operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor Motor Rated Current This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor Motor Rated Speed This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor Motor Rated Speed This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor Motor Rated Speed This parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the m nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive displayed	ake chopper is , and will not a increase the av o erall energy co the motor is re constant speed (Volts) Drive (Volts) 10 or 0 otor. When set otor is disabled y will now show	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when s railable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo e Rating Deper Rating Deper 500 to the default d. Entering the w motor speec	abled whilst the s mode, however stopping. g torque. 0 e drive and model ergy Optimiser tor load, whether andent 50 (60) 0 t value of zero, e value from the d in estimated of	e motor is /er it will				
P1-07 P1-08 P1-09	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking . As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled . When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ov operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor Motor Rated Current This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor Motor Rated Speed This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor Motor Rated Speed This parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the m nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Sp	erall energy co che motor is re constant speed (Volts) 10 or 0 tor. When set otor is disabled y will now show peeds etc. will	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when a vailable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo e Rating Deper Rating Deper 500 to the default d. Entering the w motor speed also be display	abled whilst the smode, however stopping. I get orque. I consistent of the stopping of the sto	e motor is ver it will - otor when r is intended her Volts Amps Hz Rpm all speed e motor rpm. All				
P1-07 P1-08 P1-09	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking . As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled . When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ov operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor Motor Rated Current This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor Motor Rated Speed This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor Motor Rated Speed This parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the m nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive displar speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Sp Note : When the drive is operated with the optional Encoder Feedback Inter	erall energy co che motor is re constant speed (Volts) 10 or 0 tor. When set otor is disabled y will now show peeds etc. will	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when a vailable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo e Rating Deper Rating Deper 500 to the default d. Entering the w motor speed also be display	abled whilst the smode, however stopping. I get orque. I consistent of the stopping of the sto	e motor is ver it will - otor when r is intended her Volts Amps Hz Rpm all speed e motor rpm. All				
P1-07 P1-08 P1-09	still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive bra only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint 4 : AC Flux Braking . As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to Energy Optimiser Only active when enhanced V/F motor control mode is selected (P4-01 = 2). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled . When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the ov operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant or variable torque. Motor Rated Voltage This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor Motor Rated Current This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor Motor Rated Speed This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor Motor Rated Speed This parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the m nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Sp	erall energy co che motor is re constant speed (Volts) 10 or 0 tor. When set otor is disabled y will now show peeds etc. will	sibly be re-en enabled in this ctivate when a vailable brakin 1 onsumed by th duced. The En d and light mo e Rating Deper Rating Deper 500 to the default d. Entering the w motor speed also be display	abled whilst the smode, however stopping. I get orque. I consistent of the stopping of the sto	e motor is ver it will - otor when r is intended her Volts Amps Hz Rpm all speed e motor rpm. All				

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Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P1-11	V/F Mode Voltage Boost 0.0 Drive Rating Dependent %								
	 Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and starting torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. An automatic setting (RULo) is also possible, whereby the Optidrive will automatically adjust this parameter based on the motor parameters measured during an autotune. 								
P1-12	Primary Command Source Mode	0	6	0	-				
	 2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward a Keypad. Pressing the keypad START button toggles between forward and rev. 3: PID Control. The output frequency is controlled by the internal PID control. 4: Fieldbus Control. Control via Modbus RTU if no fieldbus interface option is module interface 5: Slave Mode. The drive acts as a Slave to a connected Optidrive operating i 6 : CAN bus Control. Control via CAN bus connected to the RJ45 serial interface 	erse. Iler. 5 present, othe n Master Mod	erwise control						
P1-13	Digital Inputs Function Select	0	21	1	-				
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode setting in P1-12. See section 7.1 for more information.								
P1-14	Extended Menu Access Code	0	30000	0	-				
	Parameter Access Control. The following settings are applicable : P1-14 = P2-40 = 101 : Allows access to Extended Parameter Groups 0 – 5 P1-14 = P6-30 = 201 = Allows access to all parameter groups (Intended for ex User Guide)	perienced use	rs only, usage	is not describe	ed in this				

6 Parameters

7.1. Dig	gital Input Conf	iguration Paramet	ter P1-13				
P1-13	Digital Input 1	Digital Input 2	Digital Input 3			log Input 1	Analog Input 2
0	(Terminal 2) User defined	(Terminal 3) User defined	(Terminal 4) User defined		User define	e rminal 6) d	(Terminal 10) User defined
	O: Stop	O: Forward	O: Selected Speed Ref				O: Preset speed 1
1	C: Run	C: Reverse	C: Preset speed 1, 2		Analog 1 Sp	eed reference	C: Preset speed 2
			Digital input 3		g input 1	Analog input 2	Preset Speed
			Off On		Off Off	Off Off	Preset Speed 1 Preset Speed 2
	O: Stop	O: Forward	Off		On	Off	Preset Speed 3
2	C: Run	C: Reverse	On		On	Off	Preset Speed 4
			Off On		Off Off	On On	Preset Speed 5 Preset Speed 6
			Off		On	On	Preset Speed 7
			On		On	On	Preset Speed 8
3	O: Stop C: Run	O: Forward C: Reverse	O: Selected Speed Ref C: Preset speed 1		Analog 1 Sp	eed reference	Analog torque reference
	O: Stop	O: Forward	O: Selected Speed Ref				O: Decel ramp 1 (P1-04)
4	C: Run	C: Reverse	C: Preset speed 1		Analog 1 Sp	eed reference	C: Decel ramp 2 (P8-11) ¹
5	O: Stop	O: Forward	O: Selected Speed Ref		Analog 1 Sr	eed reference	Analog 2 Speed reference
5	C: Run	C: Reverse	C: Analog input 2				
6	O: Stop	O: Forward	O: Selected Speed Ref		Analog 1 Sr	eed reference	External trip ²⁾
	C: Run	C: Reverse	C: Preset speed 1 Digital input 3	Analo	g input 1	Preset Speed	O: trip C: Run
	0: Stop	O: Forward	Off		off	Preset Speed 1	External trip ²⁾
7	O: Stop C: Run	C: Reverse	On		Off	Preset Speed 2	O: trip C: Run
			Off On		On On	Preset Speed 3 Preset Speed 4	
			Digital input 3		g input 1	Preset Speed 4	
	O: Stop	O: Forward	Off		Off	Preset Speed 1	O: Decel ramp 1 (P1-04)
8	C: Run	C: Reverse	On		Off	Preset Speed 2	C: Decel ramp 2 (P2-25)
			Off On		On On	Preset Speed 3 Preset Speed 4	
			Digital input 3		g input 1	Preset Speed	
0	O: Stop	Stop O: Forward			Off	Preset Speed 1	O: Selected Speed Ref
9	C: Run	C: Reverse	On Off		Off On	Preset Speed 2 Preset Speed 3	C: Preset speed 1 4
			On		On	Preset Speed 4	_
10	O: Stop	O: Forward	Normally Open (N.O.)		Norma	lly Open (N.O.)	O: Selected Speed Ref
10	C: Run	C: Reverse	Close to increase spee	d	Close t	o reduce speed	C: Preset speed 1
11	O: Stop C: Run Fwd	O: Stop C: Run Rev	O: Selected Speed Ref C: Preset speed 1, 2		Analog	1 Speed reference	O: Preset speed 1 C: Preset speed 2
	C. Ruit i Wu	C. Run Rev	Digital input 3	Analo	g input 1	Analog input 2	Preset Speed 2
			Off		Off	Off	Preset Speed 1
			On Off		Off On	Off Off	Preset Speed 2 Preset Speed 3
12	O: Stop	O: Stop	On		On	Off	Preset Speed 3 Preset Speed 4
	C: Run Fwd	C: Run Rev	Off		Off	On	Preset Speed 5
			On Off		Off	On	Preset Speed 6
			Off On		On On	On On	Preset Speed 7 Preset Speed 8
12	O: Stop	O: Stop	O: Selected Speed Ref			Speed reference	Analog torque reference
13	C: Run Fwd	C: Run Rev	C: Preset speed 1		Analog 1	Speed reference	
14	O: Stop	O: Stop	O: Selected Speed Ref		Analog 1	Speed reference	O: Decel ramp 1 (P1-04)
	C: Run Fwd O: Stop	C: Run Rev O: Stop	C: Preset speed 1 O: Selected Speed Ref		_		C: Decel ramp 2 (P8-11) ¹
15	C: Run Fwd	C: Run Rev	C: Analog input 2		Analog 1	Speed reference	Analog 2 Speed reference
16	O: Stop	O: Stop	O: Selected Speed Ref		Applog 1	Speed reference	External trip ²⁾
10	C: Run Fwd	C: Run Rev	C: Preset speed 1			Speed reference	O: trip C: Run
			Digital input 3 Off		g input 1 Off	Preset Speed Preset Speed 1	-
17	O: Stop	O: Stop	On		Off	Preset Speed 1 Preset Speed 2	External trip ²⁾
	C: Run Fwd	C: Run Rev	Off		On	Preset Speed 3	O: trip C: Run
			On Digital input 3		On g input 1	Preset Speed 4 Preset Speed	
	O: Stop	O: Stan	Off		off	Preset Speed 1	0: Decol roma 1 (01.01)
18	O: Stop C: Run Fwd	O: Stop C: Run Rev	On		Off	Preset Speed 2	 O: Decel ramp 1 (P1-04) C: Decel ramp 2 (P2-25)
	C. 1.011 F WU	C. Hall Nev	Off		On On	Preset Speed 3	
			On Digital input 3		On g input 1	Preset Speed 4 Preset Speed	
	O: Stop	O: Stop	Off		Off	Preset Speed 1	 O: Selected Speed Ref
19	C: Run Fwd	C: Run Rev	On		Off	Preset Speed 2	C: Preset speed 1 4
			Off On		On On	Preset Speed 3 Preset Speed 4	
	O: Stop	O: Stop	Normally Open (N.O.)		-	Open (N.O.)	O: Selected Speed Ref
20	C: Run Fwd	C: Run Rev	Close to increase spee	d		educe speed	C: Preset speed 1
	Normally Open	Normally Closed (N.C.)	Normally Open (N.O.)			•	O: Selected Speed Ref
21	(N.O.) Close to run Fwd	Open to Stop	Close to run Rev		Analog 1	Speed reference	C: Preset speed 1

The "Selected Speed Reference" referred to in the above table is determined by the value set in P1-12 (Control Mode) :

P1-12 (control Mode)	Selected Speed Reference
0 : Terminal Mode	Analog input 1
1 : Keypad Mode (uni-directional)	Digital Potentiometer
2 : Keypad Mode (bi-directional)	Digital Potentiometer
3 : User PID mode	PID controller output
4 : Fieldbus Control	Speed reference via Fieldbus
5 : Slave Mode	Speed reference via Optibus

Note

- 1) To access P8-11, set P1-14 = 201
- 2) If a motor thermistor (PTC type only, or normally closed thermal switch contact) is to be connected, this must be selected in P2-33. Connect the thermistor between terminal 1 and terminal 10.
- 3) When P1-12 = 0 and P 1-13 = 10 or 20, the Motorised Pot / Keypad reference is automatically selected to be the Selected Speed Reference

8. Extended Parameters

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2 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended parameters

Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P2-01	Preset / Jog Frequency / Speed 1	P1-02	P1-01	5.0	Hz / Rp
P2-01	Preset / Jog Frequency / Speed 1	P1-02 P1-02	P1-01	10.0	Hz / Rp
P2-02	Preset / Jog Frequency / Speed 2	P1-02 P1-02	P1-01	25.0	Hz / Rp
P2-04	Preset / Jog Frequency / Speed 4	P1-02	P1-01	50.0 (60.0)	Hz/Rp
P2-05	Preset / Jog Frequency / Speed 5	P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz/Rp
P2-06	Preset / Jog Frequency / Speed 6	P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz/Rp
P2-07	Preset / Jog Frequency / Speed 7	P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rp
P2-08	Preset / Jog Frequency / Speed 8	P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rp
	Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the setting of P1-13.				
	If P1-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P1-10 > 0, the val	ered as Rpm.			
	Setting a negative value will reverse the direction of motor rotation.				
P2-09	Skip Frequency Centre Point	P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rp
P2-10	Skip Frequency Band Width	0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rp
	The Skip Frequency function is used to avoid the Optidrive operating at a				
	which causes mechanical resonance in a particular machine. Parameter P2-09 defines the centre point of the skip frequency band				
	and is used conjunction with P2-10. The Optidrive output frequency will r				
	and P1-04 respectively, and will not hold any output frequency within the		•		lied to the
	drive is within the band, the Optidrive output frequency will remain at th	e upper or low	er limit of the b	and.	
P2-11	Analog Output 1 (Terminal 8) Function Select	0	11	8	-
	Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC				
	0 : Drive Enabled (Running) . Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Running)				
	1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive				
	2 : At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint frequency				
	3 : Output Frequency > 0.0. Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero speed				
	4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed exceeds the adjustable limit				
	5 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit				
	6 : Motor Torque >= Limit. Logic when the motor torque exceeds the adjustable limit				
	7: Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit. Logic when the signal applied to the Analog Input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit				
	Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be u	sed together to	control the bel	haviour. The out	tput will
	Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be us switch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programme	sed together to	control the bel	haviour. The out	tput will
	Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be us switch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed below the value programmed in P2-17.	sed together to	control the bel	haviour. The out	tput will
	Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be us switch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed below the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode	sed together to	control the bel	haviour. The out	tput will
	 Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be us switch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed below the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode 8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01 	sed together to	control the bel	haviour. The out	tput will
	 Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be us switch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed below the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode 8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01 9 : Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P1-08 	sed together to	control the bel	haviour. The out	tput will
	 Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be uswitch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed below the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode 8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01 9 : Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P1-08 10 : Motor Torque. 0 to 200% of motor rated torque 	sed together to	control the bel	haviour. The out	tput will
	 Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be uswitch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed below the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode 8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01 9 : Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P1-08 10 : Motor Torque. 0 to 200% of motor rated torque 11 : Output (Motor) Power. 0 to 150% of drive rated power 	sed together to	control the bel	haviour. The out	tput will
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	Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be us switch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmet below the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode 8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01 9 : Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P1-08 10 : Motor Torque. 0 to 200% of motor rated torque 11 : Output (Motor) Power. 0 to 150% of drive rated power 12 : PID Output. Output from the internal PID Controller, 0 – 100% Analog Output 1 (Terminal 8) Format U D- ID = 0 to 10V. U ID- D = 10 to 0V, R D-2D = 0 to 20mA R 2D-D = 20 to 0mA R 2D-D = 20 to 0mA R 2D-U = 4 to 20mA R 2D-U = 4 to 20mA Analog Output 2 (Terminal 11) Function Select Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC 0 : Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Runn 1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive 2 : At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero spet 4 : Output Frequency > 0.0. Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero spet 4 : Output Frequency > Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 5 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 6 : Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor rune above zero spet 4 : Output Frequency = Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 5 : Output Z Signal Level >= Limit. Logic when the signal applied to Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be us switch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmet below the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode	0 ing) ches the setpoi ed e adjustable limi ustable limit the Analog Inp sed together to	Elow 11 11 nt frequency nit t ut 2 exceeds the control the bel	haviour. The out 0 when the sign <u>U</u> 0- 10 9 9	tput will hal falls - -
	Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be uswitch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode 8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01 9 : Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P1-08 10 : Motor Torque. 0 to 200% of motor rated torque 11 : Output (Motor) Power. 0 to 150% of drive rated power 12 : PID Output. Output from the internal PID Controller, 0 – 100% Analog Output 1 (Terminal 8) Format U D- 10 = 0 to10V. U 1D- 0 = 0 to 0V, R D-20 = 0 to 20mA R 2D-0 = 20 to 0mA R 2D-0 = 20 to 0mA R 2D-0 = 20 to 4mA Analog Output 2 (Terminal 11) Function Select Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC 0 : Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Runni 1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive 2 : At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero speed 4 : Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed exceeds the 5 : Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor rune above zero speed 4 : Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor rune above zero speed 4 : Output Trequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor rune above zero speed 4 : Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor rune above zero speed 5 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor rune above zero speed 4 : Output Trequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor rune above zero speed 5 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor rune above zero speed 5 : Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor rune above zero speed 6 : Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor rune acceeds the adji 7 : Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit. Logic when the signal applied to Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be uswitch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed below the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode 8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01	0 ing) ches the setpoi ed e adjustable limi ustable limit the Analog Inp sed together to	Elow 11 11 nt frequency nit t ut 2 exceeds the control the bel	haviour. The out 0 when the sign <u>U</u> 0- 10 9 9	tput will hal falls - -
	Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be uswitch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode 8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01 9 : Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P1-08 10 : Motor Torque. 0 to 200% of motor rated torque 11 : Output (Motor) Power. 0 to 150% of drive rated power 12 : PID Output. Output from the internal PID Controller, 0 – 100% Analog Output 1 (Terminal 8) Format U D- ID = 0 to 10V. U ID- D = 10 to 0V, R D-2D = 0 to 20mA R 2D-D = 20 to 0mA R 2D-D = 20 to 0mA R 2D-U = 20 to 4mA Analog Output 2 (Terminal 11) Function Select Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC 0 : Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Runn 1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive 2 : At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero speed 4 : Output Frequency > 0.0. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 5 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 6 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 5 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 6 : Output Z Signal Level >= Limit. Logic when the signal applied to Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be uswitch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed below the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Knode 8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01 9 : Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P1-08	0 ing) ches the setpoi ed e adjustable limi ustable limit the Analog Inp sed together to	Elow 11 11 nt frequency nit t ut 2 exceeds the control the bel	haviour. The out 0 when the sign <u>U</u> 0- 10 9 9	tput will hal falls - -
	Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be uswitch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode 8: Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01 9: Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P1-08 10: Motor Torque. 0 to 200% of motor rated torque 11: Output (Motor) Power. 0 to 150% of drive rated power 12: PID Output. Output from the internal PID Controller, 0 – 100% Analog Output 1 (Terminal 8) Format U 0- 0 = 0 to 10V. U 10-0 = 10 to 0V, R 0-20 = 0 to 20MA R 20-0 = 20 to 0MA R 20-0 = 20 to 0MA R 20-0 = 20 to 4mA Analog Output 2 (Terminal 11) Function Select Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 =+24V DC 0: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Runn 1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive 2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero speet 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 6: Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero speet 4: Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero speet 4: Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 6: Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 6: Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 6: Output Toque >= Limit. Logic 0 the not he motor torque exceeds the adji 7: Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit. Logic when the signal applied to Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be uswitch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed below the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Frequency (Motor Speed). O to P-01 9: Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P1-08 10: Motor Torque. 0 to 200% of motor rated torque	0 ing) ches the setpoi ed e adjustable limi ustable limit the Analog Inp sed together to	Elow 11 11 nt frequency nit t ut 2 exceeds the control the bel	haviour. The out 0 when the sign <u>U</u> 0- 10 9 9	tput will hal falls - -
	Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be uswitch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Mode 8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01 9 : Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P1-08 10 : Motor Torque. 0 to 200% of motor rated torque 11 : Output (Motor) Power. 0 to 150% of drive rated power 12 : PID Output. Output from the internal PID Controller, 0 – 100% Analog Output 1 (Terminal 8) Format U D- ID = 0 to 10V. U ID- D = 10 to 0V, R D-2D = 0 to 20mA R 2D-D = 20 to 0mA R 2D-D = 20 to 0mA R 2D-U = 20 to 4mA Analog Output 2 (Terminal 11) Function Select Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC 0 : Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Runn 1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive 2 : At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero speed 4 : Output Frequency > 0.0. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 5 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 6 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 5 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the 6 : Output Z Signal Level >= Limit. Logic when the signal applied to Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be uswitch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed below the value programmed in P2-17. Analog Output Knode 8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01 9 : Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P1-08	0 ing) ches the setpoi ed e adjustable limi ustable limit the Analog Inp sed together to	Elow 11 11 nt frequency nit t ut 2 exceeds the control the bel	haviour. The out 0 when the sign <u>U</u> 0- 10 9 9	tput will hal falls - -

Dor	Optidrive ODP-2 User Guide Revi		Mavimum	Dofault	مغامال
Par 2-14	Parameter Name Analog Output 2 (Terminal 11) Format	Minimum	Maximum Below	Default U O- IO	Units
r 2-14	U = 0 to 10 = 0 to 10 R = 0 -20 = 0 to 20 R = 4 to 20 R	366	Delow		_
	$U = \frac{10}{10} = 10 \text{ to } 100 \text{ W} = \frac{10}{10} = 20 \text{ to } 20 \text{ mA} = \frac{10}{10} = 20 \text{ to } 20 \text{ mA}$				
P2-15	User Relay 1 Output (Terminals 14, 15 & 16) Function select	0	7	1	-
	Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 1. The relay has three output	-	ogic 1 indicates t		ve, and
	therefore terminals 14 and 15 will be linked together.		-	·	
	0: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the motor is enabled				
	1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and no fault e				
	2 : At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matc				
	3: Output Frequency > 0.0 Hz. Logic 1 when the drive output frequency to 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed exceeds the				
	5 : Output Current >= Limit . Logic 1 when the motor speed exceeds the a				
	6 : Output Torque >= Limit . Logic 1 when the motor torque exceeds the ad	-			
	7 : Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit. 1 Logic when the signal applied to	-		he adjustable li	mit
	Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be use				
	switch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed	in P2-16, and	return to Logic	0 when the sigi	nal falls
	below the value programmed in P2-17.				
	8 : Reserved. No Function				
	 9 : Reserved. No Function 10 : Maintenance Due. Logic 1 when the internally programmable maintenance 	nance timer h	as elansed		
	11 : Drive Ready. Logic 1 when drive is not tripped, STO circuit is closed, m		•	e enable input	present.
	12 : Drive Tripped. Logic one when the drive has tripped and the display sl				
	13: STO Status. Logic 1 when both STO inputs are present and the drive is	able to be op	erated		
	14 : PID Error >= Limit. The PID Error (difference between setpoint and fee	edback) is grea	ter than or equ	al to the progra	mmed limit
P2-16	Adjustable Threshold 1 Upper Limit (Analog Output 1 / Relay Output	P2-17	200.0	100.0	%
02.47		0.0	D2 46	0.0	0/
P2-17	Adjustable Threshold 1 Lower Limit (Analog Output 1 / Relay Output	0.0	P2-16	0.0	%
	 Used in conjunction with some settings of Parameters P2-11 & P2-15. 				
2-18	User Relay 2 Output (Terminals 17 & 18) Function select	0	8	0	-
- 10	Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 2. The relay has two output	-	-		, and
	therefore terminals 17 and 18 will be linked together.				,
	0: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the motor is enabled				
	1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and no fault e				
	2 : At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matc				
	3: Output Frequency > 0.0 Hz . Logic 1 when the drive output frequency to				
	4 : Output Frequency >= Limit . Logic 1 when the motor speed exceeds the 5 : Output Current >= Limit . Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the a				
	6 : Output Torque >= Limit . Logic 1 when the motor torque exceeds the ad	-			
	7 : Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit . 1 Logic when the signal applied to	•		he adjustable li	mit
	8 : Hoist Brake Control. The relay can be used to control the motor holding	-	•	•	
	Partner for further information on using this feature.				
	Note : When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-19 and P2-20 must be use				
	switch to Logic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed	in P2-19, and	return to Logic	0 when the sig	nal falls
	below the value programmed in P2-20. 9 : Reserved. No Function				
	10 : Maintenance Due. Logic 1 when the internally programmable mainten	hance timer h	as elansed		
	11 : Drive Ready. Logic 1 when drive is not tripped, STO circuit is closed, m			e enable input	present.
	12 : Drive Tripped. Logic one when the drive has tripped and the display sl				
	13: STO Status. Logic 1 when both STO inputs are present and the drive is				
	14 : PID Error >= Limit. The PID Error (difference between setpoint and fee	edback) is grea	iter than or equ	al to the progra	mmed limit
2-19	Adjustable Threshold 1 Upper Limit (Analog Output 2 / Relay Output 2)	P2-20	200.0	100.0	%
2-20	Adjustable Threshold 1 Lower Limit (Analog Output 2 / Relay Output 2)	0.0	P2-19	0.0	%
	Used in conjunction with some settings of Parameters P2-13 & P2-18.		00.000	0.005	
2-21	Display Scaling Factor	-30.000	30.000	0.000	-
2-22	Display Scaling Source	0	2	0	-
	P2-21 & P2-22 allow the user to program the Optidrive to display an alterr to display conveyer speed in metres per second based on the output frequ				
	If P2-21 is set >0, the variable selected in P2-22 is multiplied by the factor	-			
	running, with a 'c' to indicate the customer scaled units.				
	P2-22 Options				
	0: Motor Speed				
	1: Motor Current				
	2: Analog Input 2				
	3: P0-80 Value				

	Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
8	P2-23	Zero Speed Holding Time	0.0 60.0		0.2	Seconds					
	_	Determines the time for which the drive output frequency is held at zero									
ers	P2-24	Effective Switching Frequency	Drive Rating Dependent kHz								
ete		Effective power stage switching frequency. The range of settings available and factory default parameter setting depend on the									
Ē		drive power and voltage rating. Higher frequencies reduce the audible 'ri									
ara		current waveform, at the expense of increased drive losses. Refer to sect	ion 0 for furthe	er information re	garding operat	ion at higher					
Å		switching frequency.									
ed	P2-25	2nd Deceleration Ramp Time	0.00	240.0	0.00	Seconds					
Extended Parameters		This parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be									
tel		digital inputs (dependent on the setting of P1-13) or selected automatica	lly in the case o	of a mains power	r loss if P2-38 =	2.					
EX		When set to 0.0, the drive will coast to stop.			•						
	P2-26	Spin Start Enable	0	1	0	-					
		0 : Disabled1 : Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine	aa if tha matar	ic already rotati	ng and will have	tin to control					
		the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when si			-						
		2 : Enabled for Coast, Trip or after Mains Loss . Spin start is active only fo	-		-	art is					
		disabled.									
	P2-27	Standby Mode Timer	0.0	250.0	0.0	Seconds					
		This parameter defines time period, whereby if the drive operates at min	imum speed fo	r at least the set	time period, tl	ne Optidrive					
		output will be disabled, and the display will show 5tndbb . The function is			· · ·	·					
	P2-28	Slave Speed Scaling Control	0	3	0	-					
		Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slave mode (P1-12=5) only. T	he keypad refe	rence can be mu	Itiplied by a pr	eset scaling					
		factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.									
		0 : Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.									
		1 : Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29									
		2 : Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29) + Analog Input 1 Reference									
	D2 20	3 : Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29) x Analog Input 1 Reference	F00.0	500.0	100.0	%					
	P2-29	Slave Speed Scaling Factor Used in conjunction with P2-28.	-500.0	500.0	100.0	70					
	P2-30	Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Format	See	Below	U 0- 10	_					
	12-50	U 0- 10 = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)	500	DCIOW							
		U $I_0^- O$ = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)									
		- $I_0^2 = I_0^2 = -10$ to +10 Volt Signal (Bi-polar)									
		\overrightarrow{A} \overrightarrow{D} = 0 to 20mA Signal									
		E $4-20 = 4$ to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault code	le 4-20F if the	signal level falls	helow 3mA						
		r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidive will ramp to stop if the signal le			BEIOW SITIA						
		E $20-4$ = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault cod			helow 3mA						
		r 20-Y = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will ramp to stop if the signal le		-	Sciew Sint						
	P2-31	Analog Input 1 Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%					
		Scales the analog input by this factor, e.g. if P2-30 is set for 0 – 10V, and t	he scaling fact	or is set to 200.0	%, a 5 volt inpu	ıt will result					
		in the drive running at maximum speed (P1-01)	-								
	P2-32	Analog Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%					
		Sets an offset, as a percentage of the full scale range of the input, which i	s applied to the	e analog input si	gnal						
	P2-33	Analog Input 2 (Terminal 10) Format	See	Below	U 0- 10	-					
		II I = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)									
		II II = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)									
		Ptc-th = Motor PTC Thermistor Input									
		R D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal									
		L 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault code 4-20F if the signal level falls below 3mA									
		r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will ramp to stop if the signal level falls below 3mA									
		E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault cod		-	below 3mA						
		- 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will ramp to stop if the signal le									
	P2-34	Analog Input 2 Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%					
		Scales the analog input by this factor, e.g. if P2-30 is set for $0 - 10V$, and t	he scaling fact	or is set to 200.0	%, a 5 volt inpu	it will result					
	D2 25	in the drive running at maximum speed (P1-01)	F00.0	500.0	0.0	0/					
	P2-35	Analog Input 2 Offset Sets an offset, as a percentage of the full scale range of the input, which i	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%					
	P2-36	Start Mode Select / Automatic Restart		Below							
	12-30	Defines the behaviour of the drive relating to the enable digital input and			AULo- D Restart functio	n					
		EdgE-r : Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input and	-								
		power on or reset to start the drive.		iosea. me input		המונכו מ					
		RULo- D : Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically star	t if Digital Innu	t 1 is closed							
		AUL_{a} I to AUL_{a} 5 : Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts			als. The drive m	ust be					
		powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart attempts are									
		attempt, the drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually re				-					
	\land	DANGER! "RULo'' modes allow the drive to Auto-start, therefore the impact on system/Personnel safety needs to be conside									

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Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P2-37 Keypad Mode Restart Speed 0 3 1 This parameter is only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2. When settings 0 to 3 are used, the drive must be started by pressing the S								
	0 : Minimum Speed . Following a stop and restart, the drive will always init	•	•					
	1: Previous Operating Speed. Following a stop and restart, the drive will r	eturn to the la	st keypad setpoi	nt speed used	prior to			
	stopping							
	2 : Current Running Speed. Where the Optidrive is configured for multiple							
	Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by a digital input, the dri			•	ing speed			
	3: Preset Speed 8. Following a stop and restart, the Optidrive will always i	•						
	4 : Minimum Speed (Terminal Enable). Following a stop and restart, the di	•	•					
	5 : Previous Operating Speed (Terminal Enable). Following a stop and rest	art, the drive v	vill return to the	last keypad se	tpoint speed			
	used prior to stopping			<i>(</i> , ,),),				
	6 : Current Running Speed (Terminal Enable) . Where the Optidrive is configured for multiple speed references (typically Hand / Auto control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by a digital input, the drive will continue to operate at the last operating speed							
D2 20	7 : Preset Speed 8 (Terminal Enable). Following a stop and restart, the Optidrive will always initially run at Preset Speed 8 (P2-08)							
P2-38	Mains Loss Ride Through / Stop Control		2	0	-			
	Controls the behaviour of the drive in response to a loss of mains power su 0: Mains Loss Ride Through. The Optidrive will attempt to continue operat				r Droviding			
					-			
	that the mains loss period is short, and sufficient energy can be recovered will automatically restart on return of mains power	before the driv	ve control electro	onics power of	i, the drive			
	1: Coast To Stop . The Optidrive will immediately disable the output to the	motor allowin	a the lead to co	act or frog who	al Whan			
	using this setting with high inertia loads, the Spin Start function (P2-26) ma			ast of free wife	ei. when			
	2: Fast Ramp To Stop . The drive will ramp to stop at the rate programmed			0_25				
	3: DC Bus Power Supply Mode. This mode is intended to be used when the							
	connections. Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner for further details.				C Dus			
P2-39	Parameter Access Lock	0	1	0	-			
	0 : Unlocked . All parameters can be accessed and changed	0	1	0				
	1 : Locked . Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be changed							
P2-40	Extended Parameter Access Code Definition	0	9999	101	-			
12-40				101	-			
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P1-14 to access parameter groups above Group 1							

8.2. Parameter Group 3 – PID Control

Extended Parameters

Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P3-01	PID Proportional Gain	0.1	30.0	1.0	-				
	PID Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change	in the drive out	out frequency	in response to	small				
	changes in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability								
P3-02	PID Integral Time Constant	0.0	30.0	1.0	S				
	PID Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped respo	nse for systems	where the ove	rall process res	sponds				
	slowly								
P3-03	PID Differential Time Constant	0.00	1.00	0.00	S				
	PID Differential Time Constant								
P3-04	PID Operating Mode	0	1	0	-				
	0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed sho	ould result in an i	ncrease in the	feedback signa	al				
	1: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed sh	ould result in a	decrease in the	e feedback sign	al				
P3-05	PID Reference (Setpoint) Source Select	0	2	0	-				
	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint								
	0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P3-06 is used								
	1 : Analog Input 1 Setpoint								
	2 : Analog Input 2 Setpoint								
P3-06	PID Digital Reference (Setpoint)	0.0	100.0	0.0	%				
	When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoin	t) used for the P	ID Controller						
P3-07	PID Controller Output Upper Limit	P3-08	100.0	100.0	%				
	Limits the maximum value output from the PID controller								
P3-08	PID Controller Output Lower Limit	0.0	P3-07	0.0	%				
	Limits the minimum output from the PID controller								
P3-09	PID Output Limit Control	0	3	0	-				
	0: Digital Output Limits. The output range of the PID controller is limited	•							
	1 : Analog Input 1 Provides a Variable Upper Limit . The output range of the PID controller is limited by the values of P3-08 & the								
		the PID controlle	er is limited by	the values of P	3-08 & tr				
	signal applied to Analog Input 1 2: Analog Input 1 Provides a Variable Lower Limit. The output range of t Analog Input 1 & the value of P3-07	the PID controlle	r is limited by	the signal appl	ied to				
	signal applied to Analog Input 1 2: Analog Input 1 Provides a Variable Lower Limit. The output range of t Analog Input 1 & the value of P3-07 3: PID output Added to Analog Input 1 Value. The output value from the to the Analog Input 1	the PID controlle	r is limited by s added to the	the signal appl	ied to				
P3-10	signal applied to Analog Input 1 2: Analog Input 1 Provides a Variable Lower Limit. The output range of t Analog Input 1 & the value of P3-07 3: PID output Added to Analog Input 1 Value. The output value from the to the Analog Input 1 PID Feedback Signal Source Select	the PID controlle	r is limited by	the signal appl	ied to				
P3-10	signal applied to Analog Input 1 2: Analog Input 1 Provides a Variable Lower Limit. The output range of t Analog Input 1 & the value of P3-07 3: PID output Added to Analog Input 1 Value. The output value from the to the Analog Input 1 PID Feedback Signal Source Select 0: Analog Input 2	the PID controlle	r is limited by s added to the	the signal appl	ied to				
P3-10	signal applied to Analog Input 1 2: Analog Input 1 Provides a Variable Lower Limit. The output range of t Analog Input 1 & the value of P3-07 3: PID output Added to Analog Input 1 Value. The output value from the to the Analog Input 1 PID Feedback Signal Source Select 0: Analog Input 2 1: Analog Input 1	the PID controlle	r is limited by s added to the	the signal appl	ied to				
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8.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control

ar	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
4-01	Motor Control Mode	0	2	2	-
	Selects the motor control method. An autotune must be performed if sett	ing 0 or 1 is us	sed.		
	0: Speed Control with Torque Limit (vector)				
	1: Torque Control with Speed Limit (vector)				
4.02	2: Speed Control (Enhanced V/F)	0	1	0	
4-02	Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable When set to 1, the drive immediately carries out a non-rotating autotune		1	0	-
			•	heters for optin	num contr
4-03	and efficiency. Following completion of the autotune, the parameter autor Vector Speed Controller Proportional Gain		400.0	25.0	%
4-05	Sets the proportional gain value for the speed controller when operating in	-			
	(P4-01 = 0 or 1). Higher values provide better output frequency regulation				
	even over current trips. For applications requiring best possible performan		-		
	load by gradually increasing the value and monitoring the actual output sp				
	is achieved with little or no overshoot where the output speed exceeds the				benaviou
	In general, higher friction loads can tolerate higher values of proportional		inertia. low fr	iction loads ma	iv require
	the gain to be reduced.	84) 4.14 1.8			, require
4-04	Vector Speed Controller Integral Time Constant	0.000	2.000	0.050	S
	Sets the integral time for the speed controller. Smaller values provide a fas				
	risk of introducing instability. For best dynamic performance, the value sho				
4-05	Motor Power Factor Cos Ø	0.50	0.99	-	-
	When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes, t			o the motor na	meplate
	power factor				
4-06	Torque Control Reference / Limit Source	0	5	0	-
	When P4-01 = 0, this parameter defines the source for the maximum outp	ut torque limi	t.	-	
	When $P4-01 = 1$, this parameter defines the source for the torque reference		-		
	0: Fixed Digital. The torque controller reference / limit is set in P4-07				
	1: Analog Input 1. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app	lied to Analog	Input 1, wher	eby 100% inpu	t signal lev
	will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0	-	•		-
		7.			
	2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app		Input 2, wher	eby 100% inpu	t signal lev
		lied to Analog	Input 2, wher	eby 100% inpu	t signal lev
	2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app	lied to Analog 7.			-
	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the clevel will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07.	ns Fieldbus, wl	nereby 100% ir	put signa
	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the c level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek	ns Fieldbus, wl	nereby 100% ir	put signa
	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the clevel will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal set in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal set in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in signal set in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in set in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in set in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in set in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in set in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in set in the drive output torque being limited by the value set	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek set in P4-07.	ns Fieldbus, wl Master / Slave	hereby 100% ir e, whereby 100	iput signa 1% input
	2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the c level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal fror signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque is controlled based on the output	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek set in P4-07. tput of the Pli	ns Fieldbus, wl Master / Slave	hereby 100% ir e, whereby 100	iput signa 1% input
	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the c level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal fror signal level will result in the drive output torque is controlled based on the signal fror signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque is controlled based on the out level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07.	ns Fieldbus, wl Master / Slave D controller, w	hereby 100% ir e, whereby 100 hereby 100% ir	iput signal 1% input nput signa
4-07	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the clevel will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08	ns Fieldbus, wl Master / Slave D controller, w 500.0	hereby 100% ir e, whereby 100 hereby 100% ir 150.0	nput signa 1% input 19 nput signa
4-07	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the clevel will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (F 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08	ns Fieldbus, wl Master / Slave D controller, w 500.0	hereby 100% ir e, whereby 100 hereby 100% ir 150.0	put signa 1% input 1put signa
4-07	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-O 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the clevel will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (F torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek s set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08 P4-01 = 0 or 1	ns Fieldbus, wh Master / Slave D controller, w 500.0), this paramet	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the r	nput signa 1% input 19 nput signa 19 % 19 maximum
4-07	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-O 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the control level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Fit torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maximum for the maximum for the drive output and the drive output are set in the drive output torque is controlled based on the signal for the drive output torque being limited by the value set in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08 P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output of	ns Fieldbus, wh Master / Slave D controller, w 500.0), this paramet	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the r	nput signa 1% input 19 nput signa 19 % 19 maximum
	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the clevel will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (F torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maxim motor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the current 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. In the Invertek set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08 P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output ont.	ns Fieldbus, wh Master / Slave D controller, w 500.0), this paramet	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the n re will provide	iput signa % input nput signa % maximum to the
	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-O 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the control level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Fet torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-O6. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maxim motor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the current Minimum Motoring Torque Limit 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. In the Invertek set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08 P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output on t. 0.0	ns Fieldbus, wh Master / Slave D controller, w 500.0), this paramet current the driv P4-07	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the n re will provide 0.0	aput signal % input nput signa <u>%</u> maximum to the %
	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the control level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Fe torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maxim motor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the currer Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output on t. 0.0 = 0 or 1). Sets	ns Fieldbus, where a master / Slave D controller, where a master / Slave D controller, where a master	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the n ve will provide 0.0 prque limit, wh	aput signal % input nput signa % maximum to the % ereby the
	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the control level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Ft torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maxim motor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the current Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque when the optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque when the optidrive is enabled. 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output ont. = 0 or 1). Sets ue on the mo	ns Fieldbus, where Master / Slave D controller, where Master / Slave D controller, where Master / Slave D controller, where Master A state D controller, where A state D controll	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the n /e will provide 0.0 orque limit, wh whilst operatir	aput signal % input mput signa % maximum to the ereby the ng.
	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the control level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Ft torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maxim motor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the currer Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque NOTE : This parameter should be used with extreme care, as the drive output set output and the store output is control modes (P4-01 with the store output is enabled.) 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output ont. = 0 or 1). Sets ue on the mo	ns Fieldbus, where Master / Slave D controller, where Master / Slave D controller, where Master / Slave D controller, where Master A state D controller, where A state D controll	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the n /e will provide 0.0 orque limit, wh whilst operatir	aput signa % input mput signa % maximum to the ereby the ng.
4-08	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-O 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the control level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Ft torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-O6. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maxim motor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the currer Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque NOTE : This parameter should be used with extreme care, as the drive out level, and may exceed the selected speed reference 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08 P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output on t. = 0 or 1). Sets ue on the more t tput frequen	ns Fieldbus, while Master / Slave D controller, while Soo.0), this paramet current the drive P4-07 s a minimum to tor at all times cy will increase	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the n ve will provide 0.0 orque limit, wh whilst operatin e to achieve th	aput signa % input mput signa % maximum to the ereby the ng. e torque
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⁴⁻⁰⁸	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-O 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the control level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Fe torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-O6. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maxim motor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the current Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque NOTE : This parameter should be used with extreme care, as the drive output level, and may exceed the selected speed reference Generator Mode Max. Torque Limit (Maximum Regenerative Torque) Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08 P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output on t. = 0 or 1). Sets ue on the mot stput frequen 0.0	ns Fieldbus, while Master / Slave D controller, while Solo.0 b, this paramet current the drive P4-07 s a minimum to cor at all times cy will increase 200.0	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the r ve will provide 0.0 prque limit, wh whilst operatin e to achieve th 100.0	aput signal % input mput signa % maximum to the ereby the ng. e torque %
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4-08	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-O 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the control will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Fe torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maxim motor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the current Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque NOTE : This parameter should be used with extreme care, as the drive output level, and may exceed the selected speed reference Generator Mode Max. Torque Limit (Maximum Regenerative Torque) Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 allowed by the Optidrive V/F Characteristic Adjustment Frequency 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08 P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output on t. 0.0 = 0 or 1). Sets tput frequen 0.0 = 0 or 1). Sets	ns Fieldbus, whi Master / Slave D controller, w 500.0), this paramet current the drive P4-07 s a minimum to tor at all times cy will increase 200.0 s the maximum P1-09	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the n /e will provide 0.0 prque limit, wh whilst operatin e to achieve th 100.0 n regenerating 0.0	aput signal % input nput signal % maximum to the % ereby the ng. e torque % torque Hz
4-08	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the context level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Ft torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maxim motor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the currer Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque NOTE : This parameter should be used with extreme care, as the drive output and may exceed the selected speed reference Generator Mode Max. Torque Limit (Maximum Regenerative Torque) Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 allowed by the Optidrive V/F Characteristic Adjustment Frequency When operating in V/F mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter in conjunction with 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output of nt. 0.0 = 0 or 1). Sets itput frequen 0.0 = 0 or 1). Sets 0.0 th P4-11 sets	ns Fieldbus, which is Master / Slave D controller, which is parameters by this parameters ourrent the drive P4-07 is a minimum to tor at all times cy will increase 200.0 is the maximum P1-09 a frequency point	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the n /e will provide 0.0 orque limit, wh whilst operatin e to achieve th 100.0 oregenerating 0.0 origenerating	aput signal % input nput signal % maximum to the % ereby the ng. e torque % torque % torque %
4-08	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the clevel will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Fe torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maxim motor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the currert Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque NOTE : This parameter should be used with extreme care, as the drive output and may exceed the selected speed reference Generator Mode Max. Torque Limit (Maximum Regenerative Torque) Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 allowed by the Optidrive V/F Characteristic Adjustment Frequency When operating in V/F mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter in conjunction with set in the output to a set in the set in the output to a se	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output of nt. 0.0 = 0 or 1). Sets itput frequen 0.0 = 0 or 1). Sets 0.0 th P4-11 sets	ns Fieldbus, which is Master / Slave D controller, which is parameters by this parameters ourrent the drive P4-07 is a minimum to tor at all times cy will increase 200.0 is the maximum P1-09 a frequency point	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the n /e will provide 0.0 orque limit, wh whilst operatin e to achieve th 100.0 oregenerating 0.0 origenerating	aput signal % input mput signa % maximum to the % ereby the ng. e torque korque korque korque korque
4-08 1 4-09 4-10	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the clevel will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 5: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Fe torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maximotor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the currert Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque level, and may exceed the selected speed reference Generator Mode Max. Torque Limit (Maximum Regenerative Torque) Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 allowed by the Optidrive V/F Characteristic Adjustment Frequency When operating in V/F mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter in conjunction with set in P4-11 is applied to the motor. Care must be taken to avoid overheat 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output of nt. 0.0 = 0 or 1). Sets itput frequen 0.0 = 0 or 1). Sets 0.0 th P4-11 sets	ns Fieldbus, which is Master / Slave D controller, which is parameters by this parameters ourrent the drive P4-07 is a minimum to tor at all times cy will increase 200.0 is the maximum P1-09 a frequency point	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the n /e will provide 0.0 orque limit, wh whilst operatin e to achieve th 100.0 oregenerating 0.0 origenerating	aput signal % input nput signal % maximum to the % ereby the ng. e torque % torque % torque %
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24-07 24-08 24-09 24-10 24-11 24-11	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the clevel will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Ft torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maxim motor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the current Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque NOTE : This parameter should be used with extreme care, as the drive or level, and may exceed the selected speed reference Generator Mode Max. Torque Limit (Maximum Regenerative Torque) Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 allowed by the Optidrive V/F Characteristic Adjustment Frequency When operating in V/F mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter in conjunction wisset in P4-11 is applied to the motor. Care must be taken to avoid overheat V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage Used in conjunction with parameter P4-10 Thermal Overload Value Retention 0 : Disabled. 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08 P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output of the motion e 0 or 1). Sets ue on the motion the motion the motion e 0 or 1). Sets ue on the motion the p4-11 sets ing and dama 0 0	ns Fieldbus, where a state of the state of t	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the in we will provide the 0.0 prque limit, wh whilst operating to achieve the 100.0 n regenerating the 0.0 print at which the when using the 0	aput signal % input mput signal % maximum to the % ereby the ng. e torque % torque kto
4-08 4-09 4-10 4-11	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the clevel will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (Ft torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maximotor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the current Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque NOTE : This parameter should be used with extreme care, as the drive out level, and may exceed the selected speed reference Generator Mode Max. Torque Limit (Maximum Regenerative Torque) Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 allowed by the Optidrive V/F Characteristic Adjustment Frequency When operating in V/F mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter in conjunction wisset in P4-11 is applied to the motor. Care must be taken to avoid overheat V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage Used in conjunction with parameter P4-10 Thermal Overload Value Retention 0 : Disabled. 1 : Enabled. All Optidrives feature electronic thermal overload protection in the set overload protection in the parameter P4-10 	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08 P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output on t. 0.0 = 0 or 1). Set: 0.0 = 0 or 1). Set: 0.0 = 0 or 1). Set: 0.0 = 0 or 1). Set: 0.0 th P4-11 sets ing and dama 0 for the connect	ns Fieldbus, where a state of the state of t	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the in we will provide the 0.0 prque limit, wh whilst operating to achieve the 100.0 n regenerating the 0.0 point at which the when using the 0 signed to prote	aput signal % input hput signal % input hput signal % maximum to the % ereby the % ereby the % ereby the % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % torque (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque) % (torque)
4-08 1 4-09 4-10 4-11	 2: Analog Input 2. The output torque is controlled based on the signal app will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-0 3: Fieldbus. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the clevel will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque is controlled based on the signal from signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in 4: Master / Slave. The output torque output torque being limited by the value set in 9: PID Controller Output. The output torque being limited by the value set in 10: Maximum Motoring Torque Limit / Current Limit When operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (F torque limit or reference used by the drive in conjunction with P4-06. When operating in V/F Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter defines the maximotor before reducing the output frequency to attempt to limit the currer 10: Minimum Motoring Torque Limit Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torq NOTE : This parameter should be used with extreme care, as the drive out level, and may exceed the selected speed reference Generator Mode Max. Torque Limit (Maximum Regenerative Torque) Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 allowed by the Optidrive V/F Characteristic Adjustment Frequency When operating in V/F mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter in conjunction wis set in P4-11 is applied to the motor. Care must be taken to avoid overheat V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage Used in conjunction with parameter P4-10 Thermal Overload Value Retention O : Disabled. 1 : Enabled. All Optidrives feature electronic thermal overload protection in motor agai	lied to Analog 7. communicatio P4-07. n the Invertek e set in P4-07. tput of the PII P4-07. P4-08 P4-01 = 0 or 1 mum output of the mon e 0 or 1). Sets 0.0 = 0 or 1). Sets	ns Fieldbus, where a state of the state of t	hereby 100% in e, whereby 100 hereby 100% in 150.0 er defines the in we will provide the 0.0 prque limit, wh whilst operating to achieve the 100.0 n regenerating the 0.0 point at which the when using the 0 signed to prote e, and will trip	aput signa % input hput signa % maximum to the % ereby the % ereby the % torque % torque Hz e voltage is feature V ect the the drive
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8.4. Parameter Group 5 – Communication Parameters

Par.	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P5-01	Drive Fieldbus Address	0	63	1	-
	Sets the fieldbus address for the Optidrive	-			
P5-02	CAN Open Baud Rate	125	1000	500	kbps
	Sets the baud rate when CAN Open communications are used	110	2000	000	
P5-03	Modbus RTU Baud Rate	9.6	115.2	115.2	kbps
15-05	Sets the baud rate when Modbus RTU communications are used	5.0	115.2	115.2	Корз
DE 04					1
P5-04	Modbus Data Format	-	-	-	-
	Sets the expected Modbus telegram data format as follows :-		• • •		
		dd parity, 1 stop			
	n-2 : No parity, 2 stop bits E- 1 : E	ven parity, 1 stor	o bit		
P5-05	Communications Loss Timeout	0.0	5.0	2.0	Seconds
	Sets the watchdog time period for the communications channel. If a valid	telegram is not r	eceived by the	e Optidrive wi	thin this
	time period, the drive will assume a loss of communications has occurred	and react as sele	ected below. S	etting to zero	disables
	the function.				
P5-06	Communications Loss Action	0	3	0	-
	Controls the behaviour of the drive following a loss of communications as	determined by t	he above para	ameter setting	5.
	0 : Trip & Coast To Stop				
	1 : Ramp to Stop Then Trip				
	2 : Ramp to Stop Only (No Trip)				
	3 : Run at Preset Speed 8				
P5-07	Fieldbus Ramp Control	0	1	0	-
	Selects whether the acceleration and deceleration ramps are control dire	tly via the Field	ous. or by inte	rnal drive para	ameters P1-
	03 and P1-04.	,			
	0 : Disabled. Ramps are control from internal drive parameters				
	1 : Enabled . Ramps are controlled directly by the Fieldbus				
P5-08	Fieldbus Process Data Output Word 4 Select	0	4	0	-
	When using an optional fieldbus interface, this parameter configures the	-	e for the 4 th n	-	ord
	transferred from the drive to the network master during cyclic communic				510
	0 : Output Torque – 0 to 2000 = 0 to 200.0%				
	1 : Output Power – Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 400 =	1 0010			
	2 : Digital Input Status – Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 1 indicate		status atc		
	3 : Analog Input 2 Signal Level – 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%	es digital input 2	status etc.		
	4 : Drive Heatsink Temperature $- 0$ to $1000 = 0$ to 100° C				
P5-12	Fieldbus Process Data Output Word 3 Select	0	7	0	1
F J-12	When using an optional fieldbus interface, this parameter configures the			-	ord
	transferred from the drive to the network master during cyclic communic		e loi the 5 pi		JIU
	0: Motor current – Output current to 1 decimal place, e.g. 100 = 10.0 Am				
	1: Power (x.xx kW) Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 400 =				
	2: Digital input status – Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 1 indicate		tatus etc		
	3: Analog Input 2 Signal Level - 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%		itatus etc.		
	4: Drive Heatsink Temperature – 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C				
	5: User register 1 – User Defined Register 1 Value				
	6: User register 2– User Defined Register 1 Value				
	7: PO-80 value – User Selected data value.				
P5-13	Fieldbus Process Data Input Word 4 Select	0	1	0	_
1313	When using an optional fieldbus interface, this parameter configures dest	-	-	-	d by the
	drive from the network master during cyclic communications		process data		su by the
	0: Fieldbus Ramp Control – This option must be selected if the drive acce	eration and dec	eleration ram	os are to he co	ontrolled
	from the fieldbus. P5-07 must also be set to 1 to enable this function.				ntrolleu
	1: User register 4 – The value received by the drive in PDI 4 is transferred	to Llser Register	1 This option	allows the fu	nction of
	the process data word to be defined in Parameter Group 9. In this case, U	-	•		
	function code, although the value can be read.	Ser Register 4 Sh		intern to with	in any i Le
P5-14	Fieldbus Process Data Input Word 3 Select	0	2	0	_
13-14	When using an optional fieldbus interface, this parameter configures dest				d by the
	drive from the network master during cyclic communications	ination for the 5	process data		u by the
	0: Torque limit/reference – This option must be selected if the drive outp	ut torque limit /	setpoint is to	he controlled	from the
	fieldbus. This also requires setting P4-06 = 3.	at torque mint /		se controlleu	nom the
		controllor to bo	received from	a tha Fialdhus	In order
	1: User PID reference register – This option allows the setpoint to the PID for this option to be used, P9-38 must be set to 1, and the PID User setpo				
	2: User register 3 - The value received by the drive in PDI 3 is transferred				
		-			
	process data word to be defined in Parameter Group 9. In this case, User	negister o should	i not be writte	an to within af	IVFLC
DF 45	function code, although the value can be read.	0	10	0	Chr
P5-15	Modbus Response Delay	0	16	0	Chr
	Allows the user to configure an additional delay between the drive receiv				
	transmitting a reply. The value entered represents the delay in addition to		elay permissib	ble according	.o the
	Modbus RTU specification, and is expressed as the number of additional of	naracters			

8.5. Parameter Group 0 – Monitoring Parameters (Read Only)

Par	Description	Units
P0-01	Analog Input 1 Applied Signal Level	%
	Displays the signal level applied to analog input 1 (Terminal 6) after scaling and offsets have been applied.	
P0-02	Analog Input 2 Applied Signal Level	%
	Displays the signal level applied to analog input 2 (Terminal 10) after scaling and offsets have been applied.	
P0-03	Digital Input Status	-
	Displays the status of the drive inputs, starting with the left hand side digit = Digital Input 1 etc.	
P0-04	Pre Ramp Speed Controller Reference	Hz
1004	Displays the set point reference input applied to the drive internal speed controller	112
P0-05	Torque Controller Reference	%
PU-05		70
DO OC	Displays the set point reference input applied to the drive internal torque controller	11-
P0-06	Digital Speed Reference (Motorised Pot)	Hz
	Displays the value of the drive internal Motorised Pot (used for keypad) speed reference	
P0-07	Fieldbus Communication Speed Reference	Hz
	Displays the setpoint being received by the drive from the currently active Fieldbus interface.	
P0-08	PID Reference (Setpoint)	%
	Displays the setpoint input to the PID controller.	
P0-09	PID Feedback Level	%
	Displays the Feedback input signal to the PID controller	
P0-10	PID Controller Output	%
	Displays the output level of the PID controller	
P0-11	Applied Motor Voltage	V
	Displays the instantaneous output voltage from the drive to the motor	-
P0-12	Output Torque	%
. 0-12		70
P0-13	Displays the instantaneous output torque level produced by the motor	_
P0-13	Trip History Log	-
	Displays the last four fault codes for the drive. Refer to section 11.1 for further information	-
P0-14	Motor Magnetising Current (Id)	A
	Displays the motor magnetising Current, providing an auto tune has been successfully completed.	
P0-15	Motor Rotor Current (Iq)	A
	Displays the motor Rotor (torque producing) current, providing an auto tune has been successfully completed.	•
P0-16	DC Bus Voltage Ripple Level	V
	Displays the level of ripple present on the DC Bus Voltage. This parameter is used by the Optidrive for various inter	nal protection
	and monitoring functions.	
P0-17	Motor Stator resistance (Rs)	Ω
	Displays the measured motor stator resistance, providing an auto tune has been successfully completed.	
P0-18	Motor Stator Inductance (Ls)	Н
	Displays the measured motor stator inductance, providing an auto tune has been successfully completed.	
P0-19	Motor Rotor Resistance (Rr)	Ohms
	Displays the measured motor rotor resistance, providing an auto tune has been successfully completed.	
P0-20	DC Bus Voltage	V
10-20	Displays the instantaneous DC Bus Voltage internally within the drive	v
P0-21		°C
PU-21	Drive Temperature	L
D0 00	Displays the Instantaneous Heatsink Temperature measured by the drive	
P0-22	Time Remaining to next service	V
	Displays the number of hours remaining on the service time counter before the next service is due.	
P0-23	Operating Time Accumulated With Heatsink Temperature Above 80°C	HH:MM:SS
	Displays the amount of time in hours and minutes that the Optidrive has operated for during its lifetime with a hea	
	temperature in excess of 80°C. This parameter is used by the Optidrive for various internal protection and monitor	ing functions.
P0-24	Operating Time Accumulated With Ambient Temperature Above 80°C	HH:MM:SS
	Displays the amount of time in hours and minutes that the Optidrive has operated for during its lifetime with an a	nbient
	temperature in excess of 80°C. This parameter is used by the Optidrive for various internal protection and monitor	
P0-25	Rotor Speed (Estimated or Measured)	-
	In Vector control mode, this parameter displays either the estimated rotor speed of the motor, if no encoder feed	back is
	present, or the measured rotor speed if an optional Encoder Feedback Interface Option is fitted.	-
P0-26	Energy Consumption kWh Meter	kWh
	Displays the amount of energy consumed by the drive in kWh. When the value reaches 1000, it is reset back to 0.0	
	of PO-27 (*MWh meter) is increased.	, and the value
P0-27		N/\\/b
ru-2/	Energy Consumption MWh Meter	MWh
	Displays the amount of energy consumed by the drive in MWh.	
DA 45		
P0-28	Software Version and Checksum	-
	Displays the software version of the drive	-
P0-28 P0-29	Displays the software version of the drive Drive Type	-
P0-29	Displays the software version of the drive Drive Type Displays the type details of the drive	1
	Displays the software version of the drive Drive Type	1

Par	Description	Units
P0-31	Drive Lifetime Operating Time	HH:MM:SS
	Displays the total operating time of the drive. The first value shown is the number of hours. Pressing the Up key wil	display the
	minutes and seconds.	
P0-32	Drive Run Time Since Last Trip (1)	HH:MM:SS
	Displays the total operating time of the drive since the last fault occurred. The first value shown is the number of he	ours. Pressing
	the Up key will display the minutes and seconds.	
P0-33	Drive Run time Since Last Trip (2)	HH:MM:SS
	Displays the total operating time of the drive since the last fault occurred. The first value shown is the number of he	ours. Pressing
	the Up key will display the minutes and seconds.	
P0-34	Drive Run Time Since Last Disable	HH:MM:SS
	Displays the total operating time of the drive since the last Run command was received. The first value shown is the	number of
	hours. Pressing the Up key will display the minutes and seconds.	
P0-35	Drive Internal Cooling Fan Total Operating Time	HH:MM:SS
	Displays the total operating time of the Optidrive internal cooling fans. The first value shown is the number of hour	s. Pressing
	the Up key will display the minutes and seconds. This is used for scheduled maintenance information	
P0-36	DC Bus Voltage Log (256ms)	V
P0-37	DC Bus Voltage Ripple Log (20ms)	V
P0-38	Heatsink Temperature Log (30s)	°C
P0-39	Ambient Temperature Log (30s)	°C
P0-40	Motor Current Log (256ms)	А
	The above parameters are used to store the history of various measured levels within the drive at various regular ti	
	prior to a trip. The values are frozen when a fault occurs and can be used for diagnostic purposes – see section for f	urther
	information.	
P0-41	Critical Fault Counter – Over Current	-
P0-42	Critical fault counter – Over Voltage	-
P0-43	Critical fault counter – Under Voltage	-
P0-44	Critical fault counter – Over Temperature	-
P0-45	Critical fault counter – Brake Transistor Over Current	-
P0-46	Critical fault counter – Ambient Over Temperature	-
	These parameters contain a record of how many times certain critical faults have occurred during a drives operating	g lifetime.
	This provides useful diagnostic data	
P0-47	Reserved	-
	Reserved Parameter	
P0-48	Reserved	-
	Reserved Parameter	
P0-49	Modbus RTU Communication Error Counter	-
	This parameter is incremented every time an error occurs on the Modbus RTU communication link. This information	າ can be used
	for diagnostic purposes.	
P0-50	CAN Open Communication Error Counter	-
	This parameter is incremented every time an error occurs on the CAN Open communication link. This information c	an be used
	for diagnostic purposes.	

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9. Serial communications

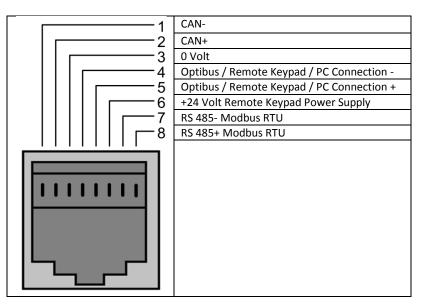
9.1. RJ45 Connector Pin Assignment

Optidrive P2 has an RJ45 connector on the front of the control panel. This connector allows the user to set up a drive network via a wired connection. The connector contains multiple interfaces for different communication protocols:-

- Invertek's Optibus Protocol Used for PC and peripheral connection only
- Modbus RTU
- CANBus

The Optibus connection is always available, and can be used simultaneously with other interfaces, however only one other interface may be used, e.g. If Modbus RTU is in use, CAN is disabled. If a Fieldbus Option Module (E.g. Profibus) is inserted into the drive, both Modbus and CAN are disabled.

The electrical signal arrangement of the RJ45 connector is shown as follows:



9.2. Modbus RTU Communications

9.2.1. Modbus Telegram Structure

The Optidrive P2 supports Master / Slave Modbus RTU communications, using the 03 Read Holding Registers and 06 Write Single Holding Register commands. Many Master devices treat the first Register address as Register 0; therefore it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detail in section 0 by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address. The telegram structure is as follows:-

Command 03 – Read Holding Registers						
Master Telegram	Length			Slave Response	L	ength
Slave Address	1	Byte		Slave Address	1	Byte
Function Code (03)	1	Byte	1	Function Code (03)	1	Byte
1 st Register Address	2	Bytes	1	Byte Count	1	Byte
No. Of Registers	2	Bytes		1 st Register Value	2	Bytes
CRC Checksum	2	Bytes	1	2 nd Register Value	2	Bytes
				Etc		
				CRC Checksum	2	Bytes

Command 06 – Write Single Holding Register						
Master Telegram	Length			Slave Response	L	ength
Slave Address	1	Byte		Slave Address	1	Byte
Function Code (06)	1	Byte	1	Function Code (06)	1	Byte
Register Address	2	Bytes		Register Address	2	Bytes
Value	2	Bytes	1	Register Value	2	Bytes
CRC Checksum	2	Bytes		CRC Checksum	2	Bytes

9.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers

The following is a list of accessible Modbus Registers available in the Optidrive P2.

- When Modbus RTU is configured as the Fieldbus option, all of the listed registers can be accessed.
- Registers 1 and 2 can be used to control the drive providing that Modbus RTU is selected as the primary command source (P1-12 = 4) and no Fieldbus Option Module is installed in the drive Option Slot.
 - Register 3 can be used to control the output torque level providing that
 - The drive is operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 = 1 or 2)
 - The torque controller reference / limit is set for 'Fieldbus' (P4-06 = 3)
- Register 4 can be used to control the acceleration and deceleration rate of the drive providing that Fieldbus Ramp Control is enabled (P5-07 = 1)

• Registers 6 to 24 can be read regardless of the setting of P1-12

Register	Upper	Lower	Read	Notes
Number	Byte	Byte	Write	
	Command Co	ntrol Word	R/W	Command control word used to control the Optidrive when operating with Modbus
				RTU. The Control Word bit functions are as follows :-
				Bit 0 : Run/Stop command. Set to 1 to enable the drive. Set to 0 to stop the drive.
1				Bit 1 : Fast stop request. Set to 1 to enable drive to stop with 2 nd deceleration ramp.
				Bit 2 : Reset request. Set to 1 in order to reset any active faults or trips on the drive.
				This bit must be reset to zero once the fault has been cleared.
				Bit 3 : Coast stop request. Set to 1 to issue a coast stop command.
2	Command Spe	eed Reference	R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in Hz to one decimal place, e.g. 500 = 50.0Hz
3		rque Reference	R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in % to one decimal place, e.g. 2000 = 200.0%
	Command Ra	mp times	R/W	This register specifies the drive acceleration and deceleration ramp times used when
4				Fieldbus Ramp Control is selected (P5-08 = 1) irrespective of the setting of P1-12.
		•		The input data range is from 0 to 60000 (0.00s to 600.00s)
	Error code	Drive status	R	This register contains 2 bytes.
				The Lower Byte contains an 8 bit drive status word as follows :-
				Bit 0 : 0 = Drive Disabled (Stopped), 1 = Drive Enabled (Running)
				Bit 1 : 0 = Drive Healthy, 1 = Drive Tripped
				Bit 2 : No Function
				Bit 3 : Drive Ready, 1 = Drive Inhibit
6				Bit 4 : Maintenance Time Not Reached, 1 = Maintenance Time Reached
				Bit 5 : 0 = Not In Standby (Sleep), 1 = Standby (Sleep) mode active
				Bit 6 : No function
				Bit 7 : No Function
				Bit 8 : No Function
				The Upper Byte will contain the relevant fault number in the event of a drive trip.
	0.1.1.1.5			Refer to section 11.1 for a list of fault codes and diagnostic information
7	Output Frequ		R	Output frequency of the drive to one decimal place, e.g. 123 = 12.3 Hz
8	Output Curre		R	Output current of the drive to one decimal place, e.g. 105 = 10.5 Amps
9	Output Torqu		R	Motor output torque level to one decimal place, e.g. 474 = 47.4 %
10	Output Power		R	Output power of the drive to two decimal places, e.g. 1100 = 11.00 kW
11	Digital Input S		R	Represents the status of the drive inputs where Bit 0 = Digital Input 1 etc.
20	Analog 1 Leve		R	Analog Input 1 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%
21	Analog 2 Leve		R	Analog Input 2 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%
22	Pre Ramp Spe		R	Internal drive frequency setpoint
23	DC bus voltag		R	Measured DC Bus Voltage in Volts
24	Drive tempera	ature	R	Measured Heatsink Temperature in °C

9.2.3. Modbus Parameter Access

All User Adjustable parameters (Groups 1 to 5) are accessible by Modbus, except those that would directly affect the Modbus communications, e.g.

- P5-01 Drive Fieldbus Address
- P5-03 Modbus RTU Baud Rate
- P5-04 Modbus RTU Data Format

All parameter values can be read from the drive and written to, depending on the operating mode of the drive – some parameters cannot be changed whilst the drive is enabled for example.

When accessing a drive parameter via Modbus, the Register number for the parameter is the same as the parameter number. Some parameters are internally scaled, for further information refer to the Optidrive P2 Modbus Register Map Application Note, or Advanced User Guide. E.g. Parameter P1-03 = Modbus Holding Register 103.

Since Modbus RTU supports sixteen bit integer values only, and the parameter is adjustable to one decimal place, the register value will be multiplied by a factor of ten,

E.g. Read Value of P1-03 = 50, therefore this is 5.0 seconds.

10.Technical Data

10.1. Environmental

Ambient temperature range: Operational	: -10 50°C IP20 Units
	: - 10 40°C IP55 Units (UL Approved)
	: -10 50°C IP55 Units (Non UL Approved with derating, refer to section 10.4.1 for
	Derating for Ambient Temperature Information)
	- 10 40°C IP66 Units (UL Approved)
	: -10 50°C IP66 Units (Non UL Approved with derating, refer to section 10.4.1 for
	Derating for Ambient Temperature Information)
Storage and Transportation	: -40 °C 60 °C
Max altitude for rated operation	: 1000m (Refer to section 10.4.2 for Derating for Altitude Information)
Relative Humidity	: < 95% (non condensing)
Note : Drive must be Frost and moisture free	at all times
Installation above 2000m is not UL ap	proved

10.2. Input / Output Power and Current ratings

The following tables provide the output current rating information for the various Optidrive P2 models. Invertek Drives always recommend that selection of the correct Optidrive is based upon the motor full load *current* at the incoming supply voltage.

10.2.1. 200 – 240 Volt (+/- 10%), 1 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Power	Rating	Input Current A	Fuse or MC		Maximum Cable Size		Rated Output Current		Motor Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP		Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	А	m	ft	Ω
	kW	HP	А	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG / kcmil	А	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	8.5	10	15	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	1.5	15.2	25	20	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	1.5	19.5	25	25	8	8	10.5	100	330	35

Note

• Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.4.1

- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life
 - For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses

10.2.2. 200 – 240 Volt (+/- 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

	10.2.2. 200 – 240 Volt (+/- 10%), 3 Phase input, 3 Phase Output										
Frame Size	Power Rating		Input Current A	Fuse or M	CB (Type B)	Maximum	Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Maximum M Len	Motor Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP		Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	5.1	10	10	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	2	8.3	10	15	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	3	12.6	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	100	330	35
3	4	5	21.6	25	30	8	8	18	100	330	20
3	5.5	7.5	29.1	40	40	8	8	24	100	330	20
4	7.5	10	36.4	50	50	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	11	15	55.8	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	15	20	70.2	80	90	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	18.5	25	82.9	100	110	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	22	30	103.6	125	150	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6	30	40	126.7	160	175	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	37	50	172.7	200	225	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	45	50	183.3	250	250	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
7	55	50	205.7	250	300	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	75	50	255.5	315	350	150	300MCM	248	100	330	6

Note

- Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.4.1
- Operation with single phase supply is possible, with 50% derating of the output current capacity
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life
- For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses

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10.2.3. 380 – 480 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Powe	r Rating	Input Current A	Fuse or M	or MCB (Type B) Maximum Cable Size		Rated Maximum Motor Cable Output Length Current		Recommended Brake Resistance		
	kW	HP		Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	А	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	2.4	10	6	8	8	2.2	100	330	400
2	1.5	2	5.1	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	2.2	3	7.5	10	10	8	8	5.8	100	330	150
2	4	5	11.2	16	15	8	8	9.5	100	330	100
3	5.5	7.5	19	25	25	8	8	14	100	330	75
3	7.5	10	21	25	30	8	8	18	100	330	50
3	11	15	28.9	40	40	8	8	24	100	330	40
4	15	20	37.2	50	50	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	18.5	25	47	63	60	16	5	39	100	330	22
4	22	30	52.4	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	30	40	63.8	80	80	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	37	50	76.4	100	100	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	45	60	92.2	125	125	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6	55	75	112.5	125	150	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	75	100	153.2	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	90	150	183.7	250	250	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
7	110	175	205.9	250	300	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	132	200	244.5	315	350	150	300MCM	240	100	330	6
7	160	250	307.8	400	400	150	300MCM	302	100	330	6
8	200	300	370	500	500	240	450MCM	370	100	330	2
8	250	350	450	500	600	240	450MCM	450	100	330	2

Note

• Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.4.1

• Operation with single phase supply is possible, with 50% derating of the output current capacity

• The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%

• The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life

• For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses

• Data values shown in *Italics* are provisional

10.2.4.500 – 600 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

	10.2.4. 500 – 600 Volt (+ 7 - 10%), 3 Phase input, 3 Phase Output										
Frame	Power	Rating	Input	Fuse or MO	CB (Type B)	Maximum	n Cable Size	Rated	Maximum I	Motor Cable	Recommended
Size			Current					Output	Ler	igth	Brake
			A					Current			Resistance
	kW	HP		Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	А	m	ft	Ω
							AWG /				
	kW	HP	А	Non UL	UL	mm	kcmil	А	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	2.5	10	6	8	8	2.1	100	330	600
2	1.5	2	3.7	10	6	8	8	3.1	100	330	300
2	2.2	3	4.9	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	4	5	7.8	10	10	8	8	6.5	100	330	150
2	5.5	7.5	10.8	16	15	8	8	9	100	330	100
3	7.5	10	14.4	16	20	8	8	12	100	330	80
3	11	15	20.6	25	30	8	8	17	100	330	50
3	15	20	26.7	32	35	8	8	22	100	330	33
4	18.5	25	34	40	45	16	5	28	100	330	33
4	22	30	41.2	50	60	16	5	34	100	330	22
4	30	40	49.5	63	70	16	5	43	100	330	16
5	37	50	62.2	80	80	35	2	54	100	330	16
5	45	60	75.8	100	100	35	2	65	100	330	12
6	55	75	90.9	125	125	150	300MCM	78	100	330	12
6	75	100	108.2	125	150	150	300MCM	105	100	330	8
6	90	125	127.7	160	175	150	300MCM	130	100	330	8
6	110	175	160	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	8

10.3. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations

Optidrive P2 is designed to meet the UL requirements. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power Supply Requirements							
Supply Voltage	200 - 240 RMS Volts for 23	0 Volt rated units, + /-	10% variation allowed. 2	240 Volt RMS Maximum			
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed, Maximum 500 Volts RMS						
	500 - 600 Volts for 600 Vol	t rated units, + / - 10%	variation allowed, Maxir	mum 600 Volts RMS			
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage varia	tion between phase –	phase voltages allowed				
	All Optidrive P2 units have	phase imbalance moni	toring. A phase imbaland	ce of > 3% will result in the drive tripping.			
	For input supplies which ha	ave supply imbalance g	reater than 3% (typically	the Indian sub- continent & parts of Asia			
	Pacific including China) Inve	ertek Drives recommer	nds the installation of inp	out line reactors. Alternatively, the drives			
	can be operated as a single phase supply drive with 50% derating.						
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation	<u>n</u>					
Short Circuit Capacity	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current			
	All	All	All	100kA rms (AC)			
	All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the above						
	specified maximum short-c	ircuit Amperes symme	trical with the specified	maximum supply voltage.			
Incoming power supply	y connection must be accordi	ing to section 4.3					
All Optidrive P2 units a	re intended for indoor install	lation within controlled	d environments which me	eet the condition limits shown in section			
10.1							
Branch circuit protection	on must be installed accordin	ig to the relevant natio	nal codes. Fuse ratings a	nd types are shown in section 10.2			
Suitable Power and mo	otor cables should be selected	d according to the data	shown in section 10.2				
Power cable connectio	ns and tightening torques are	e shown in section 3.4					
Optidrive P2 provides r	motor overload protection in	accordance with the N	Iational Electrical Code (US).			
Where a mot	or thermistor is not fitted, or	r not utilised, Thermal	Overload Memory Reten	tion must be enabled by setting P4-12 = 1			
Where a mot	or thermistor is fitted and co	onnected to the drive, o	connection must be carri	ed out according to the information			

• Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according shown in section 4.7

10.4. Derating Information

Derating of the drive maximum continuous output current capacity is require when

- Operating at ambient temperature in excess of 40°C / 104°F for enclosed drives (non UL approved)
- Operating at Altitude in excess of 1000m/ 3281 ft
- Operation with Effective Switching Frequency higher than the minimum setting
- The following derating factors should be applied when operating drives outside of these conditions

10.4.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating (UL Approved)	Derate by	Maximum Permissable Operating Ambient Temperature with Derating (Non UL Approved)
IP20	50°C / 122°F	N/A	50°C
IP55	40°C / 104°F	1.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C
IP66	40°C / 104°F	2.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C

10.4.2. Derating for Altitude

Enclosure Type	Maximum Altitude Without Derating	Derate by	Maximum Permssable (UL Approved)	Maximum Permssable (Non-UL Approved)
IP20	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP55	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP66	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft

10.4.3. Derating for Swicthing Frequency

		Switching Frequency (Where available)					
Enclosure Type	4kHz	8kHz	12kHz	16kHz	24kHz	32kHz	
IP20	N/A	N/A	20%	30%	40%	50%	
IP55	N/A	10%	10%	15%	25%	N/A	
IP66	N/A	10%	25%	35%	50%	50%	

10.4.4. Example of applying Derating Factors

A 4kW, IP66 drive is to be used at an altitude of 2000 metres above sea level, with 12kHz switching frequency and 45°C ambient temperature. From the table above, we can see that the rated current of the drive is 9.5 Amps at 40°C,

Firstly, apply the switching frequency derating, 12kHz, 25% derating

9.5 Amps x 75% = 7.1 Amps

Now, apply the derating for higher ambient temperature, 2.5% per °C above 40°C = 5 x 2.5% = 12.5%

7.1 Amps x 87.5% = 6.2 Amps

Now apply the derating for altitude above 1000 metres, 1% per 100m above 1000m = $10 \times 1\% = 10\%$

7.9 Amps x 90% = 5.5 Amps continuous current available.

If the required motor current exceeds this level, it will be necessary to either

- Reduce the switching frequency selected

- Use a higher power rated drive and repeat the calculation to ensure sufficient output current is available.

11. Troubleshooting

11.1. Fault messages

Fault Code	No.	Description	Corrective Action
no-FLt	00	No Fault	Displayed in P0-13 if no faults are recorded in the log
0I - 6	01	Brake channel over current	Ensure the connected brake resistor is above the minimum permissible level for the drive – refer to the ratings shown in section 10.2.
			Check the brake resistor and wiring for possible short circuits.
OL-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive software has determined that the brake resistor is overloaded, and trips to protect
			the resistor. Always ensure the brake resistor is being operated within its designed parameter before making any parameter or system changes.
			To reduce the load on the resistor, increase deceleration the time, reduce the load inertia or
			add further brake resistors in parallel, observing the minimum resistance value for the drive
	03	Instantaneous over current on drive	in use. Fault Occurs on Drive Enable
0-1	05	output.	Check the motor and motor connection cable for phase – phase and phase – earth short
		Excess load on the motor.	circuits.
			Check the load mechanically for a jam, blockage or stalled condition Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered, P1-07, P1-08, P1-09.
			If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and
			ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor.
			Reduced the Boost voltage setting in P1-11 Increase the ramp up time in P1-03
			If the connected motor has a holding brake, ensure the brake is correctly connected and
			controlled, and is releasing correctly
			Fault Occurs When Running If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), reduce the speed loop gain in P4-03
I.E-ErP	04	Drive has tripped on overload after	Check to see when the decimal points are flashing (drive in overload) and either increase
		delivering >100% of value in P1-08 for	acceleration rate or reduce the load.
		a period of time.	Check motor cable length is within the limit specified for the relevant drive in section 10.2 Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered in P1-07, P1-08, and P1-09
			If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and
			ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor.
			Check the load mechanically to ensure it is free, and that no jams, blockages or other mechanical faults exist
P5-ErP	05	Hardware Over Current	Check the wiring to motor and the motor for phase to phase and phase to earth short
, , ,			circuits. Disconnect the motor and motor cable and retest. If the drive trips with no motor
			connected, it must be replaced and the system fully checked and retested before a replacement unit is installed.
0-uort	06	Over voltage on DC bus	The value of the DC Bus Voltage can be displayed in P0-20
			A historical log is stored at 256ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter P0-36
			This fault is generally caused by excessive regenerative energy being transferred from the
			load back to the drive. When a high inertia or over hauling type load is connected. If the fault occurs on stopping or during deceleration, increase the deceleration ramp time
			P1-04 or connect a suitable brake resistor to the drive.
			If operating in Vector Mode, reduce the speed loop gain P4-03 If operating in PID control, ensure that ramps are active by reducing P3-11
U-uort	07	Under voltage on DC bus	This occurs routinely when power is switched off.
0 0022			If it occurs during running, check the incoming supply voltage, and all connections into the
	08	Heatsink over temperature	drive, fuses, contactors etc. The heatsink temperature can be displayed in P0-21.
0-E	00	neutonik over temperature	A historical log is stored at 30 second intervals prior to a trip in parameter P0-38
			Check the drive ambient temperature
			Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5 to 3.9 has been
			observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted
			Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24
U-E	09	Under temperature	Reduce the load on the motor / drive Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than -10°C. The temperature must be raised
			over -10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters have been loaded	Press STOP key, the drive is now ready to be configured for the required application
E-Er iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on control input terminals. Some settings of P1-13 require a normally closed
			contactor to provide an external means of tripping the drive in the event that an external
	12	Communications Fault	device develops a fault. If a motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot. Communications lost with PC or remote keypad. Check the cables and connections to
SC-065			external devices
FLE-dc	13	Excessive DC Ripple	The DC Bus Ripple Voltage level can be displayed in parameter P0-16
			A historical log is stored at 20ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter P0-37 Check all three supply phases are present and within the 3% supply voltage level imbalance
			tolerance.
			Reduce the motor load
P-LoSS	14	Input phase loss trip	If the fault persists, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner Drive intended for use with a 3 phase supply, one input phase has been disconnected or lost.
h 0-1	15	Instantaneous over current on drive	Refer to fault 3 above
		output.	

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Fault Code	No.	Description	Corrective Action					
Eh-FLE	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink.	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner.					
dALA-F	17	Internal memory fault.	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded.					
	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor. The reference signal on Analog Input 1 or 2 (Terminals 6 or 10) has dropped below the					
4-20F	10		minimum threshold of 3mA. Check the signal source and wiring to the Optidrive terminals.					
dALA-E	19	Internal memory fault.	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded.					
_			Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.					
U-dEF	20	User Parameter Defaults	User Parameter defaults have been loaded. Press the Stop key.					
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC Over Temperature	The connected motor PTC device has caused the drive to trip					
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault	Check and if necessary, replace the drive internal cooling fan					
0-hEAL	23	Ambient Temperature too High	The measured temperature around the drive is above the operating limit of the drive.					
			Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5 to 3.9 has been					
			observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted					
			Increase the cooling airflow to the drive					
			Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24 Reduce the load on the motor / drive					
0-tor9	24	Maximum Torque Limit Exceeded	The output torque limit has exceeded the drive capacity or trip threshold					
			Reduce the motor load, or increase the acceleration time					
U-Lor9	25	Output Torque Too Low	Active only when hoist brake control is enabled P2-18 = 8. The torque developed prior to					
			releasing the motor holding brake is below the preset threshold. Contact your local Invertek Sales Partner for further information on using the Optidrive P2 in hoist applications.					
DUL-F	26	Drive output fault	Drive output fault					
Sto-F	29	Internal STO circuit Error	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner					
Enc-D	30	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder communication /data loss					
SP-Err		Speed Error	Speed Error. The error between the measured encoder feedback speed or the estimated					
			rotor speed is greater than the pre-set limit allowed.					
Enc-03		Encoder Feedback Fault	Incorrect Encoder PPR count set in parameters					
<u>Enc-04</u>		Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel A Fault					
<u>Enc-05</u>		Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel B Fault					
<u>Enc-06</u>		Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channels A & B Fault					
AFE-0	40		Measured motor stator resistance varies between phases. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check the windings for correct resistance and balance.					
AFE-D5	41	1	Measured motor stator resistance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and					
			free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the					
AFE-D3	42	-	connected drive. Measured motor inductance is too low. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free					
ner-03	12	Autotune Failed	from faults.					
AFE-DA	43		Measured motor inductance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free					
			from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.					
AF-05	44	1	Measured motor parameters are not convergent. Ensure the motor is correctly connected					
			and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the					
0660	45	Input phase sequence incorrect	connected drive. Applies to Frame Size 8 drives only, indicates that the incoming power supply phase sequence					
Ph-5E9	15		is incorrect. Any 2 phases may be swapped.					
OUE-Ph	49	Output (Motor) Phase Loss	One of the motor output phases is not connected to the drive.					
Sc-FO	50	Modbus comms fault	A valid Modbus telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-06					
			Check the network master / PLC is still operating Check the connection cables					
			Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level					
5c-F02	51	CAN Open comms trip	A valid CAN open telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-06					
			Check the network master / PLC is still operating Check the connection cables					
			Increase the value of P5-06 to a suitable level					
5c-F03	52	Communications Option Module	Internal communication to the inserted Communication Option Module has been lost.					
F FB	53	Fault IO card comms trip	Check the module is correctly inserted Internal communication to the inserted Option Module has been lost.					
5c-F04			Check the module is correctly inserted					
		•						



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