Tyreflex Couplings





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Strength through Service Renold Gears has been manufacturing high quality, high specification gear units for over 100 years and has always been at the leading edge of gear technology with innovative products and power transmission solutions.



Interchangeability

Many of the products from Renold Gears are dimensionally interchangeable with other manufacturers gear units, allowing a trouble free replacement of gearboxes, in most cases upgrading the capacity through state of the art technology and materials.

Custom Made

Renold Gears is unique in it's ability to offer custom made products designed to meet customers exacting requirements without compromise on availability and cost. From complete package solutions to individual precision replacement gears, all can be tailor made to meet specific applicational requirements.

Available

The most popular ranges of gearboxes are available from local distribution stock, backed up by extensive stocks from our manufacturing plant in the UK.



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Coupling Selection Guide



Flexible Couplings should be used to accommodate any combination of misalignment conditions described below.

At installation all couplings should be aligned as near to perfect as possible.

1. Angular

Angular misalignment is present when the shaft axes are inclined one to the other. Its magnitude can be measured at the coupling faces.

2. Parallel Offset

Axial misalignment is present when the axes of the driving and driven shafts are parallel but laterally displaced.

3. End float (axial)

End float is the ability to accommodate a relative axial displacement of the connected shafts; achieved by sliding members or flexing of resilient components.

4. Torsional flexibility

Torsional flexibility is a design feature necessary to permit shock and impulsive loadings to be suitably dampened. It is achieved by the provision of a flexible medium such as rubber, springs, etc., between the two halves of the coupling.

Selection

In order to select the correct type and size of coupling, the following basic information should be known:

Power to be transmitted

- (a) Normal.
- (b) Maximum.
- (c) Whether continuous or intermittent.

Characteristics of the drive

- (a) Type of prime mover and associated equipment.
- (b) Degree of impulsiveness of driven load.

Speed in revolutions per minute

(a) At which normal power is transmitted.(b) At which maximum power is transmitted.(c) Maximum speed.

Dimensions of shafts to be connected

- (a) Actual diameter.
- (b) Length of shaft extension.
- (c) Full keyway particulars.

Selection

When the input drive is not steady (i.e. not from an electric motor), and/or the driven load is impulsive, the actual power is multiplied by a Service Factor from the Table 2 (page 13).

Selection Procedure

1. Nominal power in kW to be transmitted = K.

2. Select appropriate load classification from Table 1, denoted as either S, $\ensuremath{\mathsf{M}}$ or H.

3. From Table 2, establish Service Factor(s) to be applied, taking into account hours of operation/day and prime mover = fD.

4. From Table 3 select factor for the required frequency of starts/hr = fS.

- 5. Selection Power Ks = K x fD x fS
- 6. Equivalent power at 100 RPM = Ks x 100

RPM

7. Check that coupling selected will accept the required shaft diameters. Should shaft diameter exceed maximum permissible, then re-select using next larger size of coupling.

Load Classification by Application

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Table 1		Dry dock cranes		Planer feed chains	Μ	Presses	Μ
		Main hoist	(2)	Planer floor chains	M	Pulp machine reel	M
Agitators		Auxiliary hoist	(2)	Planer tilting hoist	M	Stock chest	M
Pure liquids	S	Boom luffing	(2)	Re-saw merry-go-round conveyor	M	Suction roll	M
Liquids and solids	Μ	Rotating swing or slew	(3)	Roll cases	н	Washers and thickeners	M
Liquids - variable density	Μ	Tracking, drive wheels	(3)	Slab conveyor	н	Winders	M
Blowers		Flave tear	(ד)	Small waste conveyor-belt	s	Wilders	*
Centrifugal	S	Elevators Busiliste uniform local		Small waste conveyor-bett	M	Printing presses	
Lobe	M	Bucket - uniform load	5	Sorting table	/V\ AA	Pullers	
Vane	ç	Bucket - neavy load	M	Tipple beist convoyor	141	Barge haul	Н
	3	Bucket - continuous	S	Tipple hoist conveyor	M	Pumps	
Brewing and distilling		Centrifugal discharge	S	Tipple noist drive	M	Centrifugal	S
Bottling machinery	S	Escalators	S	Iransfer conveyors	M	Proportioning	M
Brew kettles - continuous duty	S	Freight	Μ	Transfer rolls	M	Reciprocating	
Cookers - continuous duty	S	Gravity discharge	S	Tray drive	Μ	single acting: 3 or more cylinders	٨٨
Mash tubs - continuous duty	S	Man lifts	*	Trimmer feed	Μ	double acting: 2 or more cylinders	AA
Scale hopper - frequent starts	Μ	Passenger	*	Waste conveyor	Μ	single acting: 1 or 2 cylinders	*
Can filling machines	S	Extruders (plastic)		Machine tools		double acting, for 2 cylinders	*
Cano knivos (1)		Film	S	Bending roll	Μ	Deterning and the	ç
	///	Shoot	c	Punch press - gear driven	Н	Rotary - gear type	2
Car dumpers	Ħ	Coating	5	Notching press - belt drive	*	Rotary - tobe, valle	2
Car pullers	Μ	Pode	5	Plate planners	н	Rubber and plastics industries	
Clarifiers	S	Ruus	5	Tapping machine	н	Crackers (1)	Н
Classifiers	M	lubing	5	Other machine tools		Laboratory equipment	Μ
	14/	Blow moulders	M	Main drives	**	Mixed mills (1)	Н
Clay working machinery		Pre-plasticiers	M	Main arives	M	Refiners (1)	Μ
Brick press	Н	Fans		Auxiliary arives	2	Rubber calenders (1)	Μ
Briquette machine	Н	Centrifugal	S	Metal mills		Rubber mill, 2 on line (1)	м
Clay working machinery	M	Cooling towers		Drawn bench carriage and		Rubber mill 3 on line (1)	S
Pug mill	Μ	Induced draft	*	main drive	Μ	Sheeter (1)	M
Compressors		Forced draft	*	Pinch, dryer and scrubber		Turo building machinos	*
Centrifugal	S	Induced draft	м	rolls, reversing	*	Tyre and tube pross openers	*
Lobe	M			Slitters	Μ	Type and tube press openers	
Pociprocating - multi-cylindor		Large, industrial	141	Table conveyors nonreversing		Tubers and strainers (1)	M
Posiprocating - finder- Reciprocating - single cylinder	м Ц	Large, moustrial	c N	group drives	м	Warming mills (1)	M
Recipiocating - single cytilder		Light, shall thanketer	3	Individual drives	н	Sand muller	Μ
Conveyors - uniformly loaded or t	bet	Feeders		Povorsing	*	Screens	
Apron	S	Apron	M	Wire drawing and flattoning machine	**	Air washing	S
Assembly	S	Belt	M	Wire using dia a sea chine.	///	Rotary stone or gravel	M
Belt	S	Disc	S	wire winding machine	M	Travelling water intake	S
Bucket	S	Reciprocating	н	Mills, rotary type		Source dispess loguinment	
Chain	S	Screw	Μ	Ball (1)	Μ	Sewage disposal equipment	
Flight	S	Food industry		Cement kilns (1)	Μ	Bar screens	2
Oven	S	Beef slicer		Dryers and coolers (1)	Μ	Chemical feeders	S
Screw	S	Cereal cooker	s	Kilns other than cement	Μ	Collectors	S
Conveyors - beavy duty		Dough mixor		Pebble (1)	Μ	Dewatering screws	M
not uniformly fod		Most grinder	144	Rod, plain & wedge bar (1)	Μ	Scum breakers	м
Aprop		meat grinder	M	Tumbling barrels	Н	Slow or rapid mixers	Μ
Aprom	/M	Generators - not welding	5	Mivers		Thickeners	Μ
Assembly	M	Hammer mills	н	Concrete mixers continuous	**	Vacuum filters	Μ
Belt	M	Hoists		Concrete mixers intermittent	AA A	Slab pushers	Μ
Bucket	M	Heavy duty	Н	Concrete mixers intermittent	- M	Stooring goar	*
Chain	M	Medium duty	M		2	Steeling gear	
Flight	M	Skin hoist	M	variable density	M	Stokers	2
Live roll	*			Oil industry		Sugar industry	
Oven	M			Chillers	Μ	Cane knives (1)	Μ
Reciprocating	Н	wasners - reversing	M	Oil well pumping	*	Crushers (1)	Μ
Screw	Μ	lumblers	M	Paraffin filter press	Μ	Mills (1)	Μ
Shaker	Н	Line shafts		Rotary kilns	Μ	Textile industry	
Crane Drives - not drv dock		Driving processing equipment	M	Paper mills		Batchers	M
Main hoists	S	Light	S	Agitators (mixers)	м	Calenders	M
Bridge travel	*	Other line shafts	S	Barker - auxiliaries hydraulic	M	Cards	M
Trolley travel	*	Lumber industry		Barker - mechanical	н	Dry cars	
Cruch and		Barkers bydraulic mechanical	м	Barking drum	Ц	Dry caris	
Crusners		Burner conveyor		Baster and pulper	**	Divers	1
Ore	н	Chain saw and drag saw		Bleacher	M	Dyeing machinery	M
Stone	Н	Chain saw and unag saw	п Ц	Bleacher	2	Looms	M
Sugar (1)	M			Calenders	M	Mangles	Μ
Dredges		Ci dileway (ransier	н	Calenders - super	Н	Nappers	M
Cable reels	М	De-Darking drum	Н	Converting machine except		Pads	М
Conveyors	Μ	Lager teed	M	cutters, platers	Μ	Range drives	*
Cutter head drives	Н	Gang feed	M	Conveyors	S	Slashers	Μ
lig drives	н	Green chain	Μ	Couch	Μ	Soapers	М
Manoeuvring winches		Live rolls	Н	Cutters, platers	Н	Spinners	Μ
Pumps		Log deck	Н	Cylinders	Μ	Tenter frames	Μ
Scroon drivo		Log haul - incline	Н	Drvers	Μ	Washers	M
Stackers		Log haul - well type	Н	Fell stretcher	M	Winders	M
Stackers	M	Log turning device	Н	Fell whipper	н	Windlass	*
Utility winches	M	Main log conveyor	н	lordans	M	11 11 11 11 12 13	
		Off bearing rolls	M		Ц		
				Log huut			

Key

S = Steady

- M = Medium Impulsive
- H = Highly Impulsive
- * = Refer to Renold
- (1) = Select on 24 hours per day service factor only.

(2) = Use service factor of 1.00 for any duration of service.

(3) = Use service factor of 1.25 for any duration of service.

(4) = Use service factor of 1.50 for any duration of service.

Note

Machinery characteristics and service factors listed in this catalogue are a guide only. Some applications (e.g. constant power) may require special considerations. Please consult Renold.

Service Factors and Selection

Table 2 Service Factor (fp)

Prime mover	Driven machinery characteristics										
(Drive input)	Duration service hours/day	Steady load	Medium impulsive	Highly impulsive							
Electric, air & hydraulic	Intermittent - 3hrs/day max	0.90	1.00	1.50							
Motors or steam turbine	3 - 10	1.00	1.25	1.75							
(Steady input)	over 10	1.25	1.50	2.00							
Multi-cylinder I.C. engine	Intermittent - 3hrs/day max	1.00	1.25	1.75							
(Medium impulsive input)	3 - 10	1.25	1.50	2.00							
	over 10	1.50	1.75	2.25							
Single-cylinder I.C. engine	Intermittent - 3hrs/day max	1.25	1.50	2.00							
(Highly impulsive input)	3 - 10	1.50	1.75	2.25							
	over 10	1.75	2.00	2.50							

Table 3 Factor for Starts/Hour(fs)

No of starts per hour	0-1	1-30	30-60	60-	
Factor	1,0	1,2	1,3	1,5	

Example of Selection

Coupling is required to transmit 7.5kW at 1440 RPM to connect an electric motor to a gear box driving a chain conveyor running for 18 hours/day and starting 15 times/hour. Shaft diameters /55mm respectively.

K = 7.5kW

From Table 1 Load Classification = M (medium impulsive)

From Table 2 Service Factor fp = 1.5

From Table 3 fs = 1.2

Therefore selection kW is:-

 $Ks = K \times f_D \times fS$

- = 7.5 x 1.5 x 1.2
- = 13.5 kW

Equivalent power at 100 RPM =

RPM 13.5 x 100

=

```
1440
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= 0.9375kW @ 100RPM

Ks x 100

From page **17** selection is RSC110 (644911) (maximum bore 55 mm).



It is the responsibility of the system designer to ensure that the application of the coupling does not endanger the other constituent components in the system. Service factors given are an initial selection guide.

Key Stress

- 1. Permissible key stress = 70N/mm²
- 2. Nominal torque TKM = K x 9550 / RPM Nm
- 3. Force at key F = TKM /r
- 4. Shaft Rad r. metres
- 5. Key area A = J x HUB length mm (Obtain from relevant catalogue page).
- 6. Key stress $fk = F/A N/mm^2$
- 7. If resultant stress is less than 70 N/mm² key stress is acceptable.
 If resultant fk is greater than 70, consider either two keyways or extending hub length.
- 8. Example:

 $T_{KM} = 7.5 \times 9550/1440 = 49.7Nm$ r = 55/2 = 27.5mm ÷ 1000 = 0.0275m F = 49.7/0.0275 = 1741N A = 16 x 45 = 720mm² fk = 1741/720 = 2.4M/mm²

Selection is therefore good.

For operation above 80% of the declared maximum coupling speed it is recommended that the coupling is dynamically balanced.



Rotating equipment must be provided with a suitable guard before operating or injury may result.

Key and Keyway Dimensions



Metric (mm)

Keyways comply with BS4235: Part 1: 1972

Sha	ıft dia.		Key & keyway			
Over	Incl.	J	K	L		
6	8	2	2	1.0		
8	10	3	3	1.4		
10	12	4	4	1.8		
12	17	5	5	2.3		
17	22	6	6	2.8		
22	30	8	7	3.3		
30	38	10	8	3.3		
38	44	12	8	3.3		
44	50	14	9	3.8		
50	58	16	10	4.3		
58	65	18	11	4.4		
65	75	20	12	4.9		
75	85	22	14	5.4		
85	95	25	14	5.4		
95	110	28	16	6.4		
110	130	32	18	7.4		
130	150	36	20	8.4		
150	170	40	22	9.4		
170	200	45	25	10.4		
200	230	50	28	11.4		

Imperial (inches)

Keyways comply with BS46: Part 1: 1958

Sha	aft dia.	Key & keyway							
Over	Incl.	J	K	L					
0.25	0.05	0.125	0.125	0.060					
0.50	0.75	0.187	0.187	0.088					
0.75	1.00	0.250	0.250	0.115					
1.00	1.25	0.312	0.250	0.090					
1.25	1.50	0.375	0.250	0.085					
1.50	1.75	0.437	0.312	0.112					
1.75	2.00	0.500	0.312	0.108					
2.00	2.50	0.625	0.437	0.162					
2.50	3.00	0.750	0.500	0.185					
3.00	3.50	0.875	0.625	0.245					
3.50	4.00	1.000	0.750	0.293					
4.00	5.00	1.250	0.875	0.340					
5.00	6.00	1.500	1.000	0.384					

Keyway dimensions [fig 01] Parallel keyways are supplied unless customer states otherwise.

Tyreflex



A range of highly flexible couplings offering excellent misalignment capacity and suitable to absorb both shock loads and vibrations.

Coupling capacity

- Maximum power @ 100RPM: 65.8 kW
- Maximum torque: 6270 Nm

Features and benefits

- High misalignment capabilities high flexibility.
- Shock absorbing extending machine life.
- Maintenance free minimum number of wearing parts.
- Fire retardent, anti-static elements available for use in a flameproof environment.
- Interchangeability means no reengineering.

- Pump spacer option for easy pump maintenance.
- Taper bush bores available for ease of replacement.
- Easy replacement of tyre element without any need to move hubs axially on driven or driving shafts.

Standard range comprises

- Shaft to Shaft
- Pump Spacer Type

Applications

- Compressors
- Generator Sets
- Pumps

- Roller Table Drives
- General Industrial Applications

Construction details

Steel or S.G. Iron Half Bodies Rubber Tyres: Temp Range -50°C to +50°C Chloroprene Tyres: Temp Range -15°C to +70°C



Can be certified for use in potentially explosive atmospheres containing gas or dust, according to ATEX directive 94/9/EC.

The couplings are classified for equipment group II, categories 2 and 3. Contact Renold for further details.

Tyreflex Couplings

Tyreflex



Coupling Power		Torque	Speed	Тур	e B		Type F			Туре Н		Max misa	alignment	End	Torsional	
	size	/100rpm	nominal	max	Во	re	Bush	Bo	ore	Bush	Во	re	Offset	Angular	float	stiffness
		kW	Nm	rpm	Max	Min	size	Max	Min	size	Max	Min	mm	deg	mm	at 20°C
	TY40 # #	0.26	25	4500	30	12	TB1008	25	9	TB1008	25	9	1.1	4	±1.3	6
	TY50 # #	0.69	66	4500	38	15	TB1210	32	11	TB1210	32	11	1.3	4	±1.7	12.5
	TY60 # #	1.33	127	4000	45	18	TB1610	42	14	TB1610	42	14	1.6	4	±2.0	32
	TY70 # #	2.62	250	3600	50	22	TB2012	50	14	TB1610	42	14	1.9	4	±2.3	60
	TY80 # #	3.93	375	3100	60	25	TB2517	60	16	TB2012	50	14	2.1	4	±2.6	63
	TY90 # #	5.24	500	3000	70	28	TB2517	60	16	TB2517	60	16	2.4	4	±3.0	91
	TY100 # #	7.07	675	2600	80	32	TB3020	75	25	TB2517	60	16	2.6	4	±3.3	126
	TY110 # #	9.2	875	2300	95	30	TB3020	75	25	TB3020	75	25	2.9	4	±3.7	178
	TY120 # #	13.9	1300	2050	110	38	TB3525	100	35	TB3020	75	25	3.2	4	±4.0	296
	TY140 # #	24.3	2320	1800	130	75	TB3525	100	35	TB3525	100	35	3.7	4	±4.6	470
	TY160 # #	39.4	3770	1600	140	85	TB4030	100	40	TB4030	100	40	4.2	4	±5.3	776
	TY180 # #	65.8	6270	1500	150	85	TB4535	125	55	TB4535	125	55	4.8	4	±6.0	1370

Coupling	Dimensions										Туре В	Type F	Туре Н
size	C1 mm	C2 mm	C3 mm	D mm	F mm	L1 mm	L2 mm	L3 mm	M mm	P mm	mass* kg	mass* kg	mass* kg
TY40 # #	22	22	22	104	11	33.5	33.5	33.5	N/A	29	1.05	1.05	1.05
TY50 # #	32	25	25	133	12.5	45	38	38	N/A	38	1.5	1.5	1.5
TY60 # #	38	25	25	165	16.5	55	42	42	N/A	38	2.35	2.35	2.35
TY70 # #	35	32	25	187	11.5	47	44	42	13	38	3.45	3.45	3.45
TY80 # #	42	45	32	211	12.5	55	58	45	16	42	5	5	5
TY90 # #	49	45	45	235	13.5	63	59	59	16	48	7.25	7.25	7.25
TY100 # #	56	51	45	254	13.5	70	65	59	16	48	10	10	10
TY110 # #	63	51	51	279	12.5	76	63.5	63.5	16	55	12.5	11.7	11.7
TY120 # #	70	65	51	314	14.5	84.5	78.5	65.5	16	67	16.9	16.5	15.9
TY140 # #	94	65	65	359	16	110.5	81	81	17	67	22.2	22.3	22.3
TY160 # #	102	77	77	402	15	117	92	92	19	80	35.8	33.5	32.5
TY180 # #	114	89	89	470	23	137	112	112	19	89	49.1	42.2	42.2

NOTE: M is distance by which clamping screws need to be withdrawn to release tyres. P is wrench clearance for taper bush screws when large end is outboard Type H. *Mass is for single hub assembly and half tyre.

Tyreflex



Component Spares

Coupling size	Tyre flexible element		Half body Typ	y unbored be B	Half body t Typ	aper bored be F	Half body taper bored Type H		
	Catalogue no	Product no	Catalogue no	Product no	Catalogue no	Product no	Catalogue no	Product no	
TY40 # #	TY40	7131104/1	TY40 B	7131104/HB02	TY40 F	7131104/HB77	TY40 H	7131104/HB88	
TY50 # #	TY50	7131105/1	TY50 B	7131105/HB02	TY50 F	7131105/HB77	TY50 H	7131105/HB88	
TY60 # #	TY60	7131106/1	TY60 B	7131106/HB02	TY60 F	7131106/HB77	TY60 H	7131106/HB88	
TY70 # #	TY70	7132107/1	TY70 B	7132107/HB02	TY70 F	713107/HB77	TY70 H	7132107/HB88	
TY80 # #	TY80	7132108/1	TY80 B	7132108/HB02	TY80 F	7132108/HB77	TY80 H	7132108/HB88	
TY90 # #	TY90	7132109/1	ТҮ90 В	7132109/HB02	TY90 F	7132109/HB77	TY90 H	7132109/HB88	
TY100 # #	TY100	7132110/1	TY100 B	7132110/HB02	TY100 F	7132110/HB77	TY100 H	7132110/HB88	
TY110 # #	TY110	7132111/1	TY110 B	7132111/HB02	TY110 F	7132111/HB77	TY110 H	7132111/HB88	
TY120 # #	TY120	7132112/1	TY120 B	7132112/HB02	TY120 F	7132112/HB77	TY120 H	7132112/HB88	
TY140 # #	TY140	7132114/1	TY140 B	7132114/HB02	TY140 F	7132114/HB77	TY140 H	7132114/HB88	
TY160 # #	TY160	7132116/1	TY160 B	7132116/HB02	TY160 F	7132116/HB77	TY160 H	7132116/HB88	
TY180 # #	TY180	7132118/1	TY180 B	7132118/HB02	TY180 F	7132118/HB77	TY180 H	7132118/HB88	